

SYNOPSIS –DISTAL

STUDY TITLE	<p>Deciphering the self-antigen specific T cell signature of autoimmune liver diseases</p> <p>DISTAL</p>
SPONSOR	Nantes University Hospital
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS	<p>Dr Jérôme Gournay, Hepatology, Gastroenterology and Gastroenterology, Nantes University Hospital</p> <p>Sophie Conchon, Amédée Renand, UMR 1064 (Transplantation and Immunology Site), University of Nantes</p>
SCIENTIFIC CO-INVESTIGATOR	Amédée Renand, UMR 1064 (Transplantation and Immunology Site), University of Nantes
METHODOLOGY	An observational study based on the MAI-FOIE biobank .
MAIN OBJECTIVE	To establish a molecular signature of autoantigen-specific T cells in autoimmune liver diseases
SECONDARY OBJECTIVES	<p>Grouped into three themes:</p> <p>Immunological:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A new approach to determining the mechanisms of autoimmunity in the liver • To identify autoreactive T cells that could serve as targets for new treatments for autoimmune liver diseases, as alternatives to non-specific immunosuppressants • To identify biomarkers useful in clinical practice: diagnostic tests, tests to assess response to treatment, tests to predict relapse upon discontinuation of treatment, etc. • To understand the molecular mechanisms underlying treatment efficacy and failure <p>Anatomic pathology and pathophysiology:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To identify new pathophysiological targets associated with the severity of liver lesions, and to assess their prognostic and clinical significance Identifying and validating new non-invasive markers for diagnosis, severity, prognosis and therapeutic response <p>Therapeutics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analysis of the long-term therapeutic effects of the treatments used Analysis of predictors of response to treatment, and of the progression or regression of fibrosis To facilitate the conduct of ancillary therapeutic studies and clinical trials in this cohort, for which phenotypic data and serum or tissue samples are available. To issue therapeutic recommendations to improve the management of autoimmune liver diseases To develop therapeutic trials based on the identified immunological mechanisms
ENDPOINTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> clinical: death, liver transplantation, end-stage liver disease, hepatocellular carcinoma, cirrhotic decompensation, treatment-related adverse events immunological: immunoglobulin levels, autoantibodies, etc. pathological and pathophysiological: fibrosis, cirrhosis, liver biochemistry, associated viral infections, etc. socio-economic: quality of life, costs, perception of toxicity, adherence to treatment, behavioural changes, etc.
PLANNED NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS	220 patients (100 in Nantes and 120 spread across the other 7 sites)
PARTICIPATING SITES	Angers, Brest, Rennes, Tours, Poitiers, Orléans, La Roche-sur-Yon, Nantes
INCLUSION CRITERIA	<p>Criterion 1 and one other of the criteria (2a, 2b, 3, 4) are required for inclusion.</p> <p>1 – Signing of the consent form</p> <p>2a – Treatment-naïve autoimmune hepatitis (AIH): at least 2 of the following criteria:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ALAt >2N or IgG >1.1N

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Presence of autoantibodies: ANA (anti-nuclear), ML (anti-smooth muscle), AMA (anti-mitochondrial), SLA (anti-soluble liver antigen), LKM1 (anti-endoplasmic reticulum), LC1 (anti-liver cytosol) - Lesions suggestive of PBH (interface hepatitis, lymphocytic or plasmacytic portal or lobular infiltrate) <p>2b- Relapse following discontinuation of treatment (patient considered treatment-naïve)</p> <p>3- Presence of a specific autoantibody against (SLA, LKM1 or LC1)</p> <p>4- Controlled HAI for which treatment is to be discontinued</p> <p>In Nantes only:</p> <p>Primary Biliary Cholangitis (PBC): at least 2 of the following criteria</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) > 1.5N or gamma-GT > 3N - Presence of anti-mitochondrial antibodies ≥ 1/40 - Lesions suggestive of PBC (pericanalicular portal lymphocytic infiltrate, bile duct lesions, ductopenia) <p>Non-alcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH): histologically compatible findings</p> <p>Primary sclerosing cholangitis (PSC): if there is overlap with HAI</p>
EXCLUSION CRITERIA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Positive HIV serology - HBV infection (presence of HBsAg) - Positive HCV serology and PCR - Isolated PSC
TREATMENT	No specific treatment within this cohort
PROVISIONAL TIMETABLE	<p>The aim is to contribute to the MAI-FOIE biobank at a rate of 6 inclusions per year in each of the planned sites outside Nantes.</p> <p>Enrolment will begin in the first quarter of 2021; the study is planned to run for 3 years of enrolment and 7–10 years of annual patient follow-up.</p>