Official Title: A PHASE IV, MULTICENTER, OPEN-LABEL, SINGLE-ARM STUDY

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RECURRENT) BREAST CANCER

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STATISTICAL ANALYSIS PLAN

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CANCER

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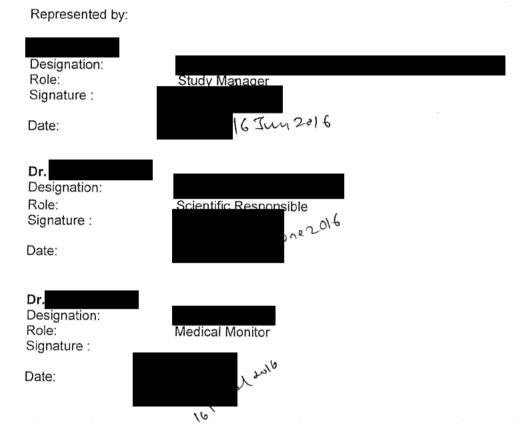
PLAN PREPARED BY:

DATE FINAL : 20 Jun 2016

DATE AMENDED: NA

SPONSOR Sign off

I hereby declare that I have reviewed the statistical analysis plan and agree to its form and content. In addition, I confirm that the outlined statistical analysis plan contains all relevant information for the data analysis to be performed in the Protocol No. - ML29282 study by the Biostatistics Department.



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1.0 BACKGROUND

Pertuzumab (rhuMAb 2C4) is a recombinant, humanized immunoglobulin (lg)G1 κ monoclonal antibody, which targets HER2 (also known as c-erbB-2), a transmembrane glycoprotein with intrinsic tyrosine kinase activity. Pertuzumab and trastuzumab bind to distinct epitopes on the HER2 receptor without competing with each other, and have complementary mechanisms for disrupting HER2 signaling. This results in augmented antiproliferative activity in vitro and in vivo when pertuzumab and trastuzumab are given in combination.

Previously many studies of different phases-Phase I/II/III were done using single-agent and combination regimens of Pertuzumab, such as Phase III WO20698/TOC4 129g (CLEOPATRA), phase II BP27836 (JOSHUA), Phase II BO22280 (TRYPHAENA) and so on. In Phase III, pivotal study WO20698/TOC4129g (CLEOPATRA; N = 808) in patients with previously-untreated HER2-positive mBC, a statistically significant and clinically meaningful improvement in progression-free survival (PFS), based on tumor assessments by an independent review facility (IRF), was observed in patients treated with pertuzumab (Ptz) + trastuzumab (T) + docetaxel (D) (N = 406) compared with those receiving placebo (Pla) + trastuzumab (T) + docetaxel (D) (N = 402).

2.0 STUDY DESIGN

This is a Phase IV, single-arm, open-label, multicenter study to assess the safety and efficacy of pertuzumab in combination with trastuzumab and docetaxel for the treatment of patients with HER2-positive advanced (locally recurrent, unresectable, or metastatic) breast cancer. Patients must not have received systemic non-hormonal anticancer therapy for their locally recurrent, unresectable, or metastatic disease.

A total of 52 patients will be enrolled over duration of approximately 12 months.

Pertuzumab, trastuzumab, and docetaxel chemotherapy will be administered in line with the Prescribing Information. Docetaxel treatment will be given at least for 6 treatment cycles; thereafter decision for continuation of docetaxel treatment will be based on investigator's discretion.

Patients will receive study medication till disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of consent or death, whichever occurs first.

All patients will be followed-up for at least 2 years after the last patient is enrolled; unless they have been lost to follow up, withdrawn consent, or died, or the study has been prematurely terminated by the Sponsor.

Tumor assessments will be conducted every 9 weeks from the day 1 of first treatment cycle, i.e., every 3 cycles of monoclonal antibody treatment. Tumor assessments will be conducted during the follow-up period until progressive disease (PD) has been established, even if treatment has been discontinued due to unacceptable toxicity.

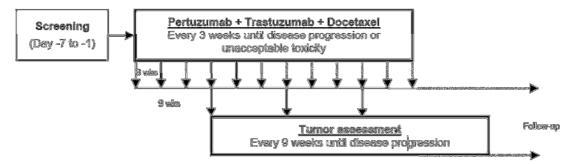


Figure 3-1 Study Design: Patient Treatment and Assessment

2.1 Protocol Synopsis

The protocol number is ML29282 titled as "A Phase IV, Multicenter, Open–Label Single-Arm Study of Pertuzumab (In Combination with Trastuzumab and Docetaxel) in First Line Treatment of Indian Patients with HER2-Positive Advanced (Metastatic or Locally Recurrent) Breast Cancer" and the Version is 1.0 amended on 6 June 2014.

2.2 Study Objectives and Endpoints

2.2.1 Study Objectives

2.2.1.1 Primary Objective

The primary objectives of this study are to evaluate safety and are as follows:-

- To evaluate the safety of pertuzumab (in combination with trastuzumab and docetaxel) in Indian patients
- To evaluate the tolerability of pertuzumab (in combination with trastuzumab and docetaxel) in Indian patients

2.2.1.2 Secondary Objective

The secondary objectives of this study are to evaluate efficacy and are as follows:-

To evaluate the efficacy of pertuzumab in combination with trastuzumab and docetaxel in Indian patients with respect to:-

- Overall response rate (ORR)
- Progression-free survival (PFS)
- Overall survival (OS)

2.2.2 Study Endpoints

2.2.2.1 Safety Endpoints

The safety endpoints of this study are as follows:

- Incidence and severity by NCI-CTCAE version 4.03 of AEs and SAEs
- Incidence of CHF and/or significant decline in LVEF

- Change in LVEF over the course of the study
- · Laboratory results abnormalities
- Incidence of AEs leading to discontinuation, modification, or interruption of study medication
- Incidence and cause of death due to AEs

2.2.2.2 Efficacy Endpoints

The efficacy endpoints of this study are as follows:

- Overall response rate (ORR)
- Progression-free survival (PFS)
- Overall Survival (OS)

2.3 Determination of Sample Size

A total of approximately 52 patients will be enrolled in this study.

For the purpose of the estimation of sample size, the incidence of all grade AEs related to Pertuzumab in combination with Trastuzumab and Docetaxel was chosen as a safety endpoint of primary interest. If the observed incidence of all grade AEs related to Pertuzumab in combination with Trastuzumab and Docetaxel is 97.3% and assuming level of significance 5% and precision 5%, 52 enrolled patients are planned for this study.

Sample size calculation for estimating proportion:

$$n = \frac{Z_{\alpha/2}^2 *p *(1-p)}{d^2}$$

Where,

n=Sample Size

p=Incidence of AE related to Pertuzumab in combination with Trastuzumab and Docetaxel.

d=Precision

 $Z_{\alpha/2}$ =1.96 for 95% confidence level

2.4 Analysis Timing

All patients will be followed-up for at least 2 years after the last patient is enrolled, unless they have been lost to follow up, withdrawn consent, or died, or the study has been prematurely terminated by the Sponsor, whichever occurs first.

There will be two interim analyses for safety and efficacy. The first interim analysis is for safety only and will take place after 50% patients have been enrolled and followed for at least 6 months of Pertuzumab therapy. The second interim analysis includes both safety and efficacy components and will take place after approximately 67% of the required deaths have been observed.

3.0 STUDY CONDUCT

This is a multi-centric, open-labeled, non-randomized post-marketing study, to assess the safety and efficacy of Pertuzumab in combination with Trastuzumab and Docetaxel. The study design employs standard methods for safety studies in patients with cancer. All patients will receive the active treatment. Safety will be carefully evaluated, and the type of data collected and the frequency with which patients are monitored will ensure safety of the patients.

The study team will periodically review patient eligibility and CRF data to ensure that the study is compliant with Good Clinical Practice.

The eligible patients for this study are the male or female patients with human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive advanced breast cancer (locally recurrent, unresectable, or metastatic) who have not previously received systemic non-hormonal anticancer therapy in the metastatic setting.

The iDMC will review unblinded summaries of patient accrual, demographics and baseline characteristics, patient disposition, and eligibility violations at the interim analyses. The iDMC will alert the Sponsor if there are concerns about the appropriateness of the study population based on characteristics of enrolled patients, concerns about eligibility violations, or problems with protocol compliance.

The iDMC or the Study Clinical Scientist may request additional interim safety analyses if safety concerns arise.

An iDMC will be formed and composed of 3 members, including a statistician. An iDMC will perform the review of this interim analysis of efficacy and safety and subsequent safety reviews as described in the iDMC Charter.

4.0 STATISTICAL METHODS

All baseline summaries and efficacy analyses will be based on the intent-to-treat (ITT) population. This will be defined as all enrolled patients. All safety summaries and analysis will be based on the safety population, defined as all enrolled patients who receive at least one dose of study medication. The data will be summarized as:

- Continuous data will be summarized using: n, mean, median, range, standard deviation, minimum and maximum.
- Discrete data will be summarized using frequency counts (n) and percentages (%)

All demography and baseline disease characteristics (collected at either the screening or baseline) will be summarized using the ITT population. In order to assess the conduct of the study, major protocol violations will be summarized and listed.

Overall response rate (ORR) 95% confidence intervals will be calculated using Clopper-Pearson methodology.

PFS will be analyzed by the Kaplan-Meier (KM) approach. The analysis of PFS will be based on the survivor function, which is the probability of remaining event free beyond a certain point in time. The survival function will be estimated and summarized using the 25th and 75th percentiles, median survival, and a 95% confidence interval (CI) for the median.

OS will also be analyzed by the Kaplan-Meier (KM) approach. Patients without follow-up assessment will be censored at the day of last study medication, and patients with no post-

baseline information will be censored at baseline. OS will be summarized using the 25th and 75th percentiles, median survival, and a 95% confidence interval (CI) for the median.

4.1 Analysis Population

4.1.1 Intent-to-Treat (ITT) population

Intent-to-Treat (ITT) population is defined as all the patients who are enrolled in the study.

4.1.2 Safety population

Safety population will include all those patients who have received at least one dose of study medication.

4.2 Analysis of Study Conduct

This is a multi-centric, open-labeled, non-randomized post-marketing study, to assess the safety and efficacy of Pertuzumab in combination with Trastuzumab and Docetaxel. The study design employs standard methods for safety studies in patients with cancer. All patients will receive the active treatment. Safety will be carefully evaluated, and the type of data collected and the frequency with which patients are monitored will ensure safety of the patients.

The eligible patients for this study are the male or female patients with human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive advanced breast cancer (locally recurrent, unresectable, or metastatic) who have not previously received systemic non-hormonal anticancer therapy in the metastatic setting.

The analysis for different parameters is described below:

4.2.1 Demographics and Baseline Characteristics

Subject demographics include Age, Gender, Race, Ethnicity, Height, and Weight.

Variables that are measured on a continuous scale, which includes the age, weight, and height, BMI of the subject the number of non-missing observations, mean, median, SD, minimum, and maximum will be presented and variables that are measured on a categorical scale, which include gender, ethnicity the frequency count and percentages will be represented.

Medical/Surgical History includes clinically significant diseases, surgeries, cancer history (including prior cancer therapies including trastuzumab treatment and procedures), reproductive status, cardiovascular history, and all medications (e.g., prescription drugs, overthe-counter drugs, herbal or homeopathic remedies, nutritional supplements) used by the patient within 28 days prior to the screening visit will be summarized by frequency counts and percentages.

All demography and baseline characteristics (collected at either the screening or baseline) will be summarized using the ITT population.

4.3 Primary And Secondary Analysis

4.3.1 Primary Analysis

The primary analyses are on safety and tolerability evaluation of pertuzumab (in combination with trastuzumab and docetaxel) in Indian patients. Primary safety and tolerability analysis will be summarized for the Safety population.

 Incidence and severity of AEs and serious adverse events (SAEs) by National Cancer Institute Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (NCI-CTCAE) version 4.03

The incidence of AEs and SAEs will be summarized according to the primary system-organ class (SOC) and within each SOC, by the Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities (MedDRA) preferred term.

- The incidence of AEs and SAEs
 - Overall
 - By TEAEs and Non-TEAEs
 - By severity using NCI CTCAE version 4.03
 - By relationship to study drug
 - By action taken with study drug
 - By outcome

Incidences and Severity will be summarized by frequency count and percentages. 95% confidence intervals will be calculated using Clopper-Pearson for incidences.

- Incidence of CHF will be summarized by frequency count and percentages.
- Significant decline in LVEF will be summarized by frequency count and percentages.
- Change in LVEF will be summarized by cycle including change from baseline summaries and frequency count and percentages.
- Laboratory data will be analyzed by the number of non-missing observations, mean, median, SD, minimum, and maximum. Shift table will be presented to show the change from baseline to different visits.
- Incidence of AEs leading to discontinuation, modification or interruption of study medication will be summarized by frequency count and percentages.
- The incidence and cause of deaths due to AE will be summarized by frequency count and percentages.

4.3.2 Secondary Analysis

Secondary Efficacy variables will be summarized for the intent-to-treat (ITT) population. The secondary analyses are on efficacy evaluation of pertuzumab in combination with trastuzumab and docetaxel in Indian patients with respect to:

Overall response rate (ORR)

Overall response (partial response [PR] plus complete response [CR]) determined by the investigator using Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors (RECIST) criteria). The analysis of ORR is based on the best (confirmed) overall response (BOR). Best (confirmed) overall response (BOR) is defined as the best response recorded from the start of trial treatment until disease progression/recurrence or death. To be assigned a

status of PR or CR (i.e., a responder), changes in tumor measurements must be confirmed by repeat assessments that should be performed no less than 4 weeks after the criteria for response are first met, i.e., patients need to have two consecutive assessments of PR or CR to be a responder.

Patients without a post-baseline tumor assessment will be considered to be non-responders.

Overall response rate (ORR) 95% confidence intervals will be calculated using Clopper-Pearson methodology.

• Progression-free survival (PFS)

Progression-free survival (PFS), defined as the time from enrollment to the first occurrence of disease progression as determined by the investigator using RECIST criteria version 1.1, or death from any cause, whichever occurs first. Patients who have not progressed, died or lost to follow up at the time of the analysis will be censored on the last visit at which assessment for progression was done (two years after the last patient enrolled).

PFS will be analyzed by the Kaplan-Meier (KM) approach.

Patients without post baseline tumor assessments will be censored at the time of their baseline visit unless death occurs prior to their first scheduled tumor assessment.

The analysis of PFS will be based on the survivor function, which is the probability of remaining event free beyond a certain point in time. The survival function will be estimated and summarized using the 25th and 75th percentiles, median survival, and a 95% confidence interval (CI) for the median.

Overall Survival (OS)

Overall survival, defined as the time from the date of enrollment to the date of death, regardless of the cause of death. Patients who will be alive at the time of the analysis will be censored at the date of the last follow-up assessment (two years from last patient enrolled in the study).

OS will also be analyzed by the Kaplan-Meier (KM) approach.

Patients without follow-up assessment will be censored at the day of last study medication, and patients with no post-baseline information will be censored at baseline. OS will be summarized using the 25th and 75th percentiles, median survival, and a 95% confidence interval (CI) for the median.

4.4 Safety Analysis

The analysis of safety assessments in this study will include summaries of the following categories of safety data collected for each subject. It will be performed on safety population.

- Adverse event
- Concomitant medications
- Physical Examination (PE)
- Vital signs
- Pregnancy test results
- Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG)
- Body weight

Data for continuous variables will be summarized descriptively using number of subjects (n), mean, SD, median, Range (minimum and maximum). Categorical data will be presented by number of exposed subjects along with percentage of exposed subjects in the various categories of the endpoint.

Adverse Events

AEs and SAEs will be coded by System organ class and preferred term, using the latest version 18.1 of MedDRA and will be summarized by frequency count and percentages.

Concomitant Medications

Concomitant medications will be coded by drug class and therapeutic class using the WHODD dated 1st Sep 2015 and will be summarized by frequency count and percentages.

Physical Examinations

Physical examination will be summarized for each body system such as head, eyes, ears, nose, and throat, and cardiovascular, dermatological, musculoskeletal, respiratory, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, and neurological systems will be summarized by frequency count and percentages.

Vital signs

Vital signs will include measurements of respiratory rate, pulse rate, and systolic and diastolic blood pressure while the patient is in a seated position descriptively using number of subjects (n), mean, SD, median, Range (minimum and maximum) for each visit and change from screening visit to all visits will also be summarized.

Laboratory Parameters

Laboratory parameters will be summarized for actual values at each visit, and change from screening visit to each visit. Actual values for each parameter will also be listed by subject. Shift tables for each laboratory parameter will also be prepared to represent the shift from screening to end of study. Laboratory data will be summarized as per the descriptive statistics mentioned above for numeric data.

ECOG

Score for ECOG test will be summarized using frequency count with number of subjects in a particular class along with percentages of subjects.

4.5 Missing Data

No statistical imputation method will be applied for any missing values.

4.6 Interim Analyses

There will be two interim analyses for safety and efficacy. The first interim analysis is for safety only and will take place after 50% patients have been enrolled and followed for at least 6 months of Pertuzumab therapy. The second interim analysis includes both safety and efficacy components and will take place after approximately 67% of the required deaths have been observed.

An iDMC will be formed and composed of 3 members, including a statistician. An iDMC will perform the review of this interim analysis of efficacy and safety and subsequent safety reviews as described in the iDMC Charter.

4.7 Additional Analyses

If any additional statistical analyses required during the final analysis, appropriate methods will be used, and any changes, including the rationale for use, will be documented via Statistical Analysis Plan amendment. Any deviations from the planned analyses or prospective amendments to the statistical analysis plan will be documented in the Clinical Study Report (CSR).

4.8 Data Listings

All CRF data, as well as any outcomes derived from the data, will be summarised in detailed data listings. Patient data listings will be presented for all patients enrolled into the study.

4.9 Plots and Figures

The plots and graphs will be presented to illustrate the analysis of safety and efficacy.

- A K-M plot of survival probability versus time will be generated to see the overall survival profile of the patients for the single treatment group.
- A K-M plot of PFS probability versus time will be generated to see the PFS profile of the patients for the single treatment group.
- A bar chart will be generated to understand the response rate of patients as per RECIST criteria.
- A graph of LVEF over a period of time for all patients (Including mean and median)

5.0 REFERENCES

- 1. ICH E3: Structure and content of Clinical Study Reports, November 1995, Committee for Proprietary Medicinal Products.
- 2. ICH E9: Statistical Principles for Clinical Trials, September 1998, Committee for Proprietary Medicinal Products.

Appendix 1 Protocol Synopsis

Appendix 2 Schedule of Assessments

	Screening	Treatment period ¹⁴			Follow up Period ¹⁴	
Study Activities	Day -7 to -1	Each Treatment Cycle, (21 days)	Unscheduled Visit ¹⁴	Safety Follow up visit - 28 days from Last treatment cycle ¹⁶	3 monthly Follow up visits - starting after safety follow-up visit	End of study visit ¹⁶
Informed Consent ¹	х					
Demographics & medical history ²	х					
Concomitant medication ³	х	х	х	х	х	x
Complete physical examination ⁴	Х	X	х	х	х	x
Vital signs ⁵	x	Х	x	X	X	x
Height	х					

	Screening	Treatment period ¹⁴			Follow up Period ¹⁴	
Study Activities	Day -7 to -1	Each Treatment Cycle, (21 days)	Unscheduled Visit ¹⁴	Safety Follow up visit - 28 days from Last treatment cycle ¹⁶	3 monthly Follow up visits - starting after safety follow-up visit	End of study visit ¹⁶
Weight	х	Х		Х		
HER2 Reports review for eligibility ⁶	х					
Tumor evaluation ⁷	X	Every 3 cycles of Monoclonal antibody		If disease progression not yet established	If disease progression not yet established	If disease progression not yet
Laboratory Investigations ⁸	X	x		x		
ECOG performance status	x	Every 3 cycles of monoclonal antibody	х	x		x
LVEF ¹⁰	x	Every 3 cycles of monoclonal antibody		x	x	

	Screening	Treatment period ¹⁴			Follow up Period ¹⁴	
Study Activities	Day -7 to -1	Each Treatment Cycle, (21 days)	Unscheduled Visit ¹⁴	Safety Follow up visit - 28 days from Last treatment cycle ¹⁶	3 monthly Follow up visits - starting after safety follow-up visit	End of study visit ¹⁶
SAEs and AEs ¹¹		х	x	Х	х	х
Pregnancy test ¹²	х	Every 3 cycles of monoclonal antibody		х	At 4 and 7 months after the last dose of monoclonal antibody	
Administration of study medication		х				
Infusion reactions during infusion and observation period		х				
Survival ¹³	x	x		x	x	х

Notes:

- 1. Signed/dated informed consent in language comprehended by the potential ;clinical trial subject/LAR
- 2. Complete medical history and demographics (i.e., age, sex, race, and ethnicity, if applicable) and all medications taken during the last 28 days prior to screening visit will be collected.
- 3. Current concomitant medication will be recorded at Screening and on an ongoing basis.

- 4. Physical Examination includes evaluation of the head, eyes, ears, nose, and throat, and the cardiovascular, dermatological, musculoskeletal, respiratory, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, and neurological systems. Record abnormalities observed at baseline on the General Medical History and Baseline Conditions eCRF. Record new or worsened clinically significant abnormalities on the AE eCRF.
- 5. Vital signs will be assessed before treatment on Day 1 of every treatment cycle (pertuzumab, trastuzumab, and chemotherapy), recorded again after infusion during the observation period of each study medication. Vital signs include respiratory rate, pulse rate, and systolic and diastolic blood pressure while the patient is in a seated position, and oral or axillary temperature.
- 6. Documented evidence of HER2 positive status from previous testing is acceptable, otherwise HER2-positive status on fixed tissue blocks from the primary tumor (and/or metastatic site, if primary tumor not available) to be assessed locally by IHC and/or ISH according to institutional criteria and routine clinical practice. On treatment days, all assessments should be performed prior to dosing, unless otherwise specified.
- 7. A CT or MRI and (if indicated) isotope bone scan (evaluation according to RECIST criteria) should be performed at screening and as clinically indicated. Scans at screening should not be older than 28 days prior to first study medication administration. NB: Bone scan, PET scan or plain films are not considered adequate imaging techniques to measure bone lesions.
- 8. Laboratory Assessment as per routine standard of care must be performed within 3 days (with results available) prior to the administration of study medication. Hematology, as per routine standard of care, may include hemoglobin, hematocrit, platelet count, RBC, WBC with differential (neutrophils, lymphocytes, monocytes, eosinophils, basophils, other cells). Serum chemistry, as per routine standard of care, may include sodium, potassium, calcium, chloride, magnesium, BUN (urea), uric acid, total protein, albumin, ALP, ALAT, ASAT, gamma glutamyl transferase (GGT), lactate dehydrogenase (LDH), total bilirubin, creatinine, and blood glucose and calculated creatinine clearance at baseline. Coagulation tests will consist of INR and aPTT or PTT).
- 9. ECOG PS to be recorded every 3 cycles until PD.
- 10. LVEF ≥50% at Screening period to be determined by either ECHO or MUGA scan (with ECHO as the preferred method). The same method of LVEF assessment (ECHO or MUGA) must be used for the same patient throughout the study and, to the extent possible, be obtained at the same institution.
- 11. After informed consent, and prior to dosing, SAEs considered related to a study mandated procedure are reportable. As of cycle 1 all AEs and SAEs considered will be collected. AEs and SAEs to be monitored continuously collected and End-of-study visit and to be recorded with grading according to NCI-CTCAE, Version 4.03
- 12. For women of childbearing potential, serum β -HCG test must be performed within 7 days prior to the first dose of study treatment with the result available prior to first dosing. Urine β -HCG test must be performed within 7 days prior to every 3rd cycles (with results available prior to treatment), at

- the safety follow up visit, and at 4 and 7 months after the last dose of study treatment. If a urine pregnancy test is positive, it must be confirmed by a serum pregnancy test.
- 13. Overall survival is the time from the date of enrollment to the date of death, regardless of the cause of death. Patients who were alive at the time of the analysis will be censored at the date of the last follow-up assessment (two years from last patient enrolled in the study).
- 14. All treatment visits within ±3 days of scheduled treatment day; 28 day Safety Follow up visit within ±3 days of the scheduled visit date; 3 monthly Follow up visits (starting after safety follow-up visit) within ±14 days of the scheduled visit date(s); End of Study visit within ±14 days of the scheduled visit date. Tumour assessment ±3 days of planned scheduled visit. At the end of study visit, if patient does not fit into end of study definition, then tumour assessment to be done as per institutional criteria and routine clinical practice.
- 15. Patients who complete the study or discontinue from the study early will be asked to return to the hospital within 28 days after the last dose of study drug for the end-of-study visit.

14.1 Demographics and Baseline Characteristics

14.1.1 Patient Disposition

Table 14.1.1.1 Summary of Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria - All Population (N=XXX)

Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria, n (%)[1]	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
Number of Subjects Screened	XXX
Number of Subjects Enrolled [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Number of Subjects Enrolled meeting all Inclusion Criteria	XX (XX.X %)
Number of Subjects meeting at least one exclusion criteria	XX (XX.X %)

Source: Listing 16.2.3

Note: [1] Percentage will be calculated by taking respective column header count as denominator.

General Note:

- > Subjects who are meeting inclusion and exclusion criteria will be considered for eligibility analysis.
- > Subjects who are eligible will be considered to enroll into the study.

Table 14.1.1.2 Summary of Patient Disposition-All Population (N=XXX)

Patient Disposition, n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (n=xxx)
Population	
Screened Population	XX
Intent-to-Treat Population	XX (XX.X %)
Safety Population	XX (XX.X %)
Patients who completed the protocol	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
No	XX (XX.X %)
Reason for discontinuation of study treatment	
Withdrawal of Consent	XX (XX.X %)
Any medical condition that the Investigator or Sponsor determines may jeopardize the patient's safety if he or she continues in the study	XX (XX.X %)
Investigator or Sponsor determines it is in the best interest of the patient	XX (XX.X %)
Patient Non-compliance	XX (XX.X %)
Death	XX (XX.X %)
Death due to Disease Progression [2]	XX (XX.X %)
Disease Progression	XX (XX.X %)
Lost to follow-up	XX (XX.X %)
Due to AE	XX (XX.X %)
Other [3]	XX (XX.X %)

Source Data: Listing 16.2.1, 16.2.2.1 and 16.2.2.2

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XXX) of column header group as denominator.

[2] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XXX) of Death Count as denominator. [3] If the reason is others, then it will be specified.

Table 14.1.1.3 Summary of Patient Disposition by Site- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site, n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (N=XX)	
Site 1	XX (XX.X %)	
Site 2	XX (XX.X %)	
Site 3	XX (XX.X %)	
Site 4	XX (XX.X %)	
Site 5	XX (XX.X %)	
	•••••	
Site n	XX (XX.X %)	

Source Data: Listing 16.2.1

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Table 14.1.1.4 Summary of Subject Follow-up Rate at each Visit- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Visit, n (%)[1]	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
7 Days before Procedure	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle 1	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle 2	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle 3	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle 4	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle 5	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle 6	XX (XX.X %)
••••	
28 Days after Last treatment cycle	XX (XX.X %)
3 months Follow up visits	XX (XX.X %)
6 months Follow up visits	XX (XX.X %)
••••	••••
n (every 3 months) Follow up visits	XX (XX.X %)
End of study	XX (XX.X %)

Source Data: Listing 16.2.1

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using column header group as denominator.

Programming Note:

> The same table will include the analysis for the remaining available cycle after cycle 6 and also after every 3 months follow up visits.

14.1.2 Demographic and Baseline Characteristics

Table 14.1.2.1 Summary of Patient Demographics at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Demographics	Statistics / Category, n(%)[1]	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Age (years) [2]		•
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [3]	XX (XX.X %)
Gender		
	Male	XX (XX.X %)
	Female	XX (XX.X %)
	Missing [3]	XX (XX.X %)
Race		
	Asian	XX (XX.X %)
	Others	XX (XX.X %)
	Missing [3]	XX (XX.X %)
Ethnicity		
_	Indian Subcontinent	XX (XX.X %)
	Others	XX (XX.X %)
	Missing [3]	XX (XX.X %)

Source Data: Listing 16.2.4.1

Note:

[1]Percentages will be calculated using respective column header group as denominator.

[2]If Date of Birth date is given then to calculate the Age by following formula: Age = {[Date of Informed Consent signed (Screening Date) - Date of Birth +1] /365.25
[3]If a particular parameter measurement is not captured, it will be displayed under 'Missing' category.

Table 14.1.2.2 Summary of Medical History at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

		Pertuzumab
Medical History	Statistics/Category, n (%)[1]	(N=XX)
Any clinically significant disease other than the breast cancer		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
If Yes, Medical/ Surgical History [2]		
	History 1	XX (XX.X %)
	History 2	XX (XX.X %)
	History 3	XX (XX.X %)
	History 4	XX (XX.X %)
History 1		
Ongoing		XX (XX.X %)
Subject on any Medications		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
••••		

Source Data: Listing 16.2.4.2

Note:

Programming Note:

> The same table will include Medical History- History 2, History 3 and so on.

^[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

^[2] Percentages will be calculated using 'Yes' category of 'Any clinically significant disease other than the breast cancer' as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.3 Summary of Breast Cancer Disease History at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Breast Cancer Disease History	Statistics/Category, n (%)[1]	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
How was breast cancer diagnosed		
<u>-</u>	Cytologically	XX (XX.X %)
	Histologically	XX (XX.X %)
	Both	XX (XX.X %)
Breast cancer stage at initial diagnosis		
	I	XX (XX.X %)
	II	XX (XX.X %)
	III	XX (XX.X %)
	IV	XX (XX.X %)
History of Primary Tumor		
Location of Primary Tumor		
-	Left	XX (XX.X %)
	Right	XX (XX.X %)
	Left and Right	XX (XX.X %)
	Unknown	XX (XX.X %)
Was the primary tumor		
	Unifocal	XX (XX.X %)
	Multifocal	XX (XX.X %)
	Multicentric	XX (XX.X %)
Primary tumor size (mm)	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)

	Infiltrating Ductal Carcinoma	XX (XX.X %)
	Infiltrating Lobular Carcinoma	XX (XX.X %)
	Inflammatory Breast Carcinoma	XX (XX.X %)
	Other	XX (XX.X %)
Histological grade		
	Well Differentiated	XX (XX.X %)
	Moderately Differentiated	XX (XX.X %)
	Poorly Differentiated	XX (XX.X %)
	Anaplastic	XX (XX.X %)
	Unknown	XX (XX.X %)
Nuclear grade		
nuclear grade	Grade 1	XX (XX.X %)
	Grade 2	XX (XX.X %)
	Grade 3	XX (XX.X %)
	Grade 4	XX (XX.X %)
T -k		
Estrogen receptor status	Estudios December Decition	777 / 777 77 0 \
	Estrogen Receptor Positive Estrogen Receptor Negative	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)
	20010yon 1.000p001 1.0yuc110	(
Progesterone receptor status		
	Progesterone Receptor Positive	XX (XX.X %)
	Progesterone Receptor Negative	XX (XX.X %)
Breast cancer type		
	Operable	XX (XX.X %)
	Locally Advanced Inoperable	XX (XX.X %)
	Inflammatory	XX (XX.X %)
Breast Tumor Remnants		
Microscopic Assessments		
-	Single Focus(mm)	
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X

	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Multiple feet Jewest	
	Multiple foci Largest	
	Diameter(mm)	
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Tumour Largest Diameter(mm)	
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	<pre>Range(Min:Max)</pre>	(XX.X:XX.X)
Macroscopic assessment		
Macioscopic assessment	Gross tumor size	
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Pathological staging of breast cancer		
radiological beaging of breade cancer	Known	XX (XX.X %)
	Unknown	XX (XX.X %)
	UIIKIIUWII	AA (AA.A °)
Histology		
Histological grade		
	Well Differentiated	XX (XX.X %)
	Moderately Differentiated	XX (XX.X %)
	Poorly Differentiated	XX (XX.X %)

	2 1 1	7777 (7777 77 0)
	Anaplastic Unknown	XX (XX.X %)
	UNKNOWN	XX (XX.X %)
Breast cancer subtype		
	Ductal	XX (XX.X %)
	Lobular	XX (XX.X %)
	Other	XX (XX.X %)
Is DCIS (Ductal carcinoma in situ) present		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Diagnosis of metastatic or Locally recurrent Bre	east	
	Locally Recurrent	XX (XX.X %)
	Metastatic	XX (XX.X %)
HER2 Confirmation If Metastatic Method		
	Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	XX (XX.X %)
	In situ hybridization (ISH)	XX (XX.X %)
Expression Score IHC		
	0	XX (XX.X %)
	1+	XX (XX.X %)
	2+	XX (XX.X %)
	3+	XX (XX.X %)
ISH		
	Negative (Non-Amplified)	XX (XX.X %)
	Positive (Amplified)	XX (XX.X %)
Progesterone Receptor Score if Metastatic		
	Positive	XX (XX.X %)
	Negative	XX (XX.X %)
	Unknown	XX (XX.X %)

	Positive	XX (XX.X %)
	Negative	XX (XX.X %)
	Unknown	XX (XX.X %)
previous therapy for Breast Cancer pr dy	Yes No	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.4 Summary of Previous Therapy for Breast Cancer at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Previous Therapy [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Has the patient received any hormone therapy		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
If Yes, Ongoing [2]		XX (XX.X %)
Has the patient received any Immunotherapy		
- ··	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
If Yes, Ongoing [3]		XX (XX.X %)
Has the patient received any Biologic therapy		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
If Yes, Ongoing [4]		XX (XX.X %)
Has the patient received any Radiotherapy		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
If Yes, Ongoing [5]		XX (XX.X %)
Has the patient received any chemotherapy		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)

If Yes, Ongoing [6] XX (XX.X %)

Source Data: Listing 16.2.4.4, 16.2.4.5, 16.2.4.6, 16.2.4.7, 16.2.4.8, and 16.2.4.9 Note:

- [1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.
- [2] Percentages will be calculated using 'Yes' category of 'Patients receiving Hormone Therapy' as denominator.
- [3] Percentages will be calculated using 'Yes' category of 'Patients receiving Immunotherapy' as denominator.
- [4] Percentages will be calculated using 'Yes' category of 'Patients receiving Biologic Therapy' as denominator.
- [5] Percentages will be calculated using 'Yes' category of 'Patients receiving Radiotherapy' as denominator.
- [6] Percentages will be calculated using 'Yes' category of 'Patients receiving chemotherapy' as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.5 Summary of Physical Examination at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

System/Result/Significance [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
General appearance		
Results	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
	Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)
	Not Done	XX (XX.X %)
Clinical Significance		
<u>-</u>	NCS	XX (XX.X %)
	CS	XX (XX.X %)
Musculoskeletal		
Results	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
	Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)
	Not Done	XX (XX.X %)
Clinical Significance		
	NCS	XX (XX.X %)
	CS	XX (XX.X %)
Dermatological		
Results	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
	Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)
	Not Done	XX (XX.X %)
Clinical Significance		
-	NCS	XX (XX.X %)
	CS	XX (XX.X %)
Gastrointestinal		
Results	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
	Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)
	Not Done	XX (XX.X %)

Clin	ical Significance		
		NCS	XX (XX.X %)
		CS	XX (XX.X %)
HEENT			
Resu	lts	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
		Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)
		Not Done	XX (XX.X %)
Clin	ical Significance		, ,
	,	NCS	XX (XX.X %)
		CS	XX (XX.X %)
			(11111111111111111111111111111111111111
Respiratory			
Resu	lts	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
1.00 a.		Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)
		Not Done	XX (XX.X %)
Clin	ical Significance	NOC DOILC	M $(M$ M M
OIII.	icar bignifficance	NCS	XX (XX.X %)
		CS	XX (XX.X %)
		C5	ΛΛ (ΛΛ·Λ δ)
Cardiovascular			
Resu	1+e	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
Kesu.	103	Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)
		Not Done	
01 i m	inal Ginnifinana	Not Done	XX (XX.X %)
Clin	ical Significance	NOC	777 / 777 77 0 \
		NCS	XX (XX.X %)
		CS	XX (XX.X %)
Conitouning			
Genitourinary	14-	Name a 3	7777 / 7777 77 0 1
Resu	IUS	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
		Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)
		Not Done	XX (XX.X %)
Clin	ical Significance		
		NCS	XX (XX.X %)
		CS	XX (XX.X %)

Normal	XX (XX.X %)
Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)
Not Done	XX (XX.X %)
NCS	XX (XX.X %)
CS	XX (XX.X %)
Normal	XX (XX.X %)
Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)
Not Done	XX (XX.X %)
NCS	XX (XX.X %)
CS	XX (XX.X %)
	Abnormal Not Done NCS CS Normal Abnormal Not Done NCS

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.6 Summary of Vital Signs at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Vital Signs [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Pulse Rate (rate/min)	beactsetes, category, in (%)	(11-222)
ruise Rate (rate/min)	_	XX
	n Maara	XX.X
	Mean	
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Respiratory Rate (breathes/min)		
-	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Blood Pressure (mm/hg)		
Systolic	n	XX
byscorie	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Diastolic	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range (Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	nange (mm. max)	(2111 • 11 • 2111 • 21)
Temperature (°C)		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X

	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX)
eight (cms.)		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX)
eight (kgs.)		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.7 Summary of Assessment at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Assessment [1	1	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
		Statistics/category, in (%)	(N-XX)
HER2 Determin			
Ass	sessment Performed	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
IHO	C Result	0/+	XX (XX.X %)
		++	XX (XX.X %)
		+++	XX (XX.X %)
ISF	H Result	Negative	XX (XX.X %)
		Positive	XX (XX.X %)
CT/MRI			
	y clinically significant abno ted in the CT/MRI	rmalities	
		Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
Isotope Bone	Scan		
-	sult	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
		Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.8 Summary of Tumor/Disease Assessment at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Assessment [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Tumor/Disease Assessment		· · ·
Any target lesions	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
2 3 3 3 3 3 3	No	XX (XX.X %)
Lesion measurable	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Reason	Tumour too large to accurately measure	XX (XX.X %)
	Tumour too small to accurately measure	XX (XX.X %)
	Other Reason	XX (XX.X %)
Target Lesions Sum of longest diameters		
•	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Inflammatory Breast Cancer		
Erythema	No	XX (XX.X %)
	Less than 1/3 of breast	XX (XX.X %)
	More than 1/3 of breast	XX (XX.X %)
Edema	No	XX (XX.X %)
	Less than 1/3 of breast	XX (XX.X %)
	More than 1/3 of breast	XX (XX.X %)

Are there any non-target (non-measurable) lesions	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Method of Assessment	CT with Contrast	XX (XX.X %)
	CT without Contrast	XX (XX.X %)
	MRI with Contrast	XX (XX.X %)
	MRI without Contrast	XX (XX.X %)
Status of Lesion	Present	XX (XX.X %)
	Absent	XX (XX.X %)
	Unequivocal Progression	XX (XX.X %)
	Screening/Baseline Assessment	XX (XX.X %)
Number Of Non-Target Lesions		
Within The Organ		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.9 Summary of LVEF and CHF at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

LVEF [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Results (%)		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
LVEF		
done by		
	MUGA	XX (XX.X %)
	Echocardiography	XX (XX.X %)
If Echocardiography, method [2]		
	Simpson (2-D)	XX (XX.X %)
	Teichholz (M-mode)	XX (XX.X %)
LVEF finding		
,	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
	Abnormal but not clinically significant	XX (XX.X %)
	Abnormal and clinically	
	significant	XX (XX.X %)
Any new cardiac signs and symptoms	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
ing new cararac signs and symptoms	No	XX (XX.X %)
	140	ΛΛ (ΛΛ·Λ ·ο)
Any worsening cardiac signs and symptoms	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Any signs or symptoms of CHF		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)

No XX (XX.X %)

Source Data: Listing 16.2.8.7

Note:

- [1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.
- [2] Percentages should be calculated using count "Echocardiography" of "LVEF done by" as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.10 Summary of Hematology Test at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Test [1]		Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Memoglobin			(-: -::-)
Resul	t	n	XX
		Mean	XX.X
		SD	XX.XX
		Median	XX.X
		Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out o	f Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
Clini	cally Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
ematocrit			
Resul	t	n	XX
		Mean	XX.X
		SD	XX.XX
		Median	XX.X
		Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out o	f Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
Clini	cally Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
ed Blood Cells			
Resul	t	n	XX
		Mean	XX.X
		SD	XX.XX
		Median	XX.X

	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
-	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Mhite Blood Cells (WBC)		
Result	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
•••		•••

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Programming Note:

> The same table will also include other parameters of Hematology- Neutrophils, Lymphocytes, Monocytes, Eosinophils, Basophils, Other Cells, and Platelet Count.

Table 14.1.2.11 Summary of Coagulation Test at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Test [1]		Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
International normalizati	on ratio(INR)		
Result	, ,	n	XX
		Mean	XX.X
		SD	XX.XX
		Median	XX.X
		Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range		Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Sign	nificant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
Activated Partial Thrombo	plastin Time (aPTT)		
Result		n	XX
		Mean	XX.X
		SD	XX.XX
		Median	XX.X
		Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range		Yes	XX (XX.X %)
-		No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Sign	nificant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
Partial Thromboplastin Ti	me (PTT)		
Result		n	XX
		Mean	XX.X
		SD	XX.XX
		Median	XX.X
		Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)

Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.12 Summary of Serum Chemistry at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Test [1]		Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Sodium			· · ·
	Result	n	XX
		Mean	XX.X
		SD	XX.XX
		Median	XX.X
		Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
	Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
Potassium			
	Result	n	XX
		Mean	XX.X
		SD	XX.XX
		Median	XX.X
		Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
	Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
Calcium			
	Result	n	XX
		Mean	XX.X
		SD	XX.XX
		Median	XX.X
		Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)

Out of Range	Yes No	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes No	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Programming Note:

The same table will also include other parameters of Serum Chemistry- Chloride, Magnesium, BUN(urea), Uric acid, Total protein, Albumin, Alkaline Phosphatase, Alanine Transaminase (ALAT), Aspartate Aminotransferase(ASAT), Gamma Glutamyl Transferase(GGT), Lactate Dehydrogenase(LDH), Total Bilirubin, Creatinine, Blood Glucose and Creatinine Clearance.

Table 14.1.2.13 Summary of Viral Serology at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Test [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
HIV I		(,
Result	Reactive	XX (XX.X %)
	Non-Reactive	XX (XX.X %)
HIV II		
Result	Reactive	XX (XX.X %)
	Non-Reactive	XX (XX.X %)
Mepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAG)		
Result	Reactive	XX (XX.X %)
	Non-Reactive	XX (XX.X %)
otal Hepatitis B Core antibody (HBcAB)		
Result	Reactive	XX (XX.X %)
	Non-Reactive	XX (XX.X %)
Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) antibody		
Result	Reactive	XX (XX.X %)
	Non-Reactive	XX (XX.X %)

Note:

^[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.14 Summary of ECOG Performance Status and Reproductive Status at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Status [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
ECOG Performance Status		
Grade	0	XX (XX.X %)
	1	XX (XX.X %)
	2	XX (XX.X %)
	3	XX (XX.X %)
	4	XX (XX.X %)
Reproductive Status		
Response	Childbearing Potential Without Contraceptive Protection	XX (XX.X %)
_	Surgically Sterilized	XX (XX.X %)
	Childbearing Potential With Contraceptive Protection	XX (XX.X %)
	Post-Menopausal	XX (XX.X %)

Note: [1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Note: In ECOG Performance Status

Grade 0= Fully active, able to carry on all pre -disease performance without restriction

Grade 1= Restricted in physically strenuous activity but ambulatory and able to carry out work of a light or sedentary nature,

e.g., light house work, office work

Grade 2= Ambulatory and capable of all selfcare but unable to carry out any work activities. Up and about more than 50% of waking hours

Grade 3= Capable of only limited selfcare, confined to bed or chair more than 50% of waking hours

Grade 4= Completely disabled. Cannot carry on any self-care. Totally confined to bed or chair

Table 14.1.2.15 Summary of Serum Pregnancy Test at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Result [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Was Serum Pregnancy Test Done		
	Done	XX (XX.X %)
	Not Done	XX (XX.X %)
	Not Applicable	XX (XX.X %)
If done, results [2]	Positive	XX (XX.X %)
	Negative	XX (XX.X %)

Note:

- [1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.
- [2] Percentages will be calculated using "Done" category of "Was Serum Pregnancy Test Done" as denominator.

Table 14.1.2.16 Summary of Survival Status at Screening- ITT Population (N=XXX)

		Pertuzumab
Status [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	(N=XX)
Survival Status		
	Alive	XX (XX.X %)
	Dead	XX (XX.X %)
	Withdrew Consent	XX (XX.X %)
Did patient's disease progress since the last evaluation		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
	Not Known	XX (XX.X %)
If Yes, how disease progression was assessed[2]	Clinical	XX (XX.X %)
	Radiological	XX (XX.X %)
	Both	XX (XX.X %)
	Others	XX (XX.X %)

Note:

^[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

^[2] Percentages will be calculated using "Yes" category of "Did patient's disease progress since the last evaluation" as denominator.

14.2 Efficacy Analysis

Table 14.2.1.1 Summary of Evaluation of target lesions as per RECIST Criteria at Each Visit- ITT Population (N=XXX)

Visits, n (%) [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
Cycle 3	•	
	CR	XX (XX.X %)
	PR	XX (XX.X %)
	SD	XX (XX.X %)
	PD	XX (XX.X %)
	UA	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle 6		
	CR	XX (XX.X %)
	PR	XX (XX.X %)
	SD	XX (XX.X %)
	PD	XX (XX.X %)
	UA	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle		
	CR	XX (XX.X %)
	PR	XX (XX.X %)
	SD	XX (XX.X %)
	PD	XX (XX.X %)
	UA	XX (XX.X %)
After 28 Days		
-	CR	XX (XX.X %)

	PR	XX (XX.X %)
	SD	XX (XX.X %)
	PD	XX (XX.X %)
	UA	XX (XX.X %)
After 3 Months		
arter 5 Montains	CR	XX (XX.X %)
	PR	XX (XX.X %)
	SD	XX (XX.X %)
	PD	XX (XX.X %)
	UA	XX (XX.X %)
		
nd of Study		
_	CR	XX (XX.X %)
	PR	XX (XX.X %)
	SD	XX (XX.X %)
	PD	XX (XX.X %)
	UA	XX (XX.X %)

Source Data: Listing 16.2.6.1, 16.2.6.2

Note:

- [1] "n" denotes the number of subjects who would have completed X months in study from the date of randomization
- [2] Percentage will be calculated taking respective "n" count as denominator.

General Note:

- > Response will be calculated using RECIST 1.1.
- > UA: Unable to assess

Programming Note:

- > The same table will include the analysis for the remaining available cycle after cycle 6 and after every 3 months follow-up visits.
- > Same mock-up will be used to generate the table for summary of evaluation of non-target lesions with change in table number and table title as:

Table 14.2.1.1.1 Summary of Evaluation of non-target lesions as per RECIST Criteria at Each Visit - ITT Population (N=XXX)

Table 14.2.1.1.2 Summary of Overall Response as per RECIST Criteria at Each Visit - ITT Population (N=XXX)

Visits, n (%) [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Aggressive Disease (N=XX)	Non-Aggressive Disease (N=XX)
Cycle 3			
	CR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	PR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	SD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	PD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	UA	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle 6			
	CR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	PR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	SD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	PD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	UA	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle			
	CR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	PR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	SD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	PD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	UA	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
After 28 Days			
	CR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	PR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	SD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)

PD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
UA	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
CR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
PR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
SD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
PD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
UA	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
•••••	********	•••••
CR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
PR	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
SD	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
SD PD	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)
	CR PR SD PD UA	UA XX (XX.X %) CR XX (XX.X %) PR XX (XX.X %) SD XX (XX.X %) PD XX (XX.X %) UA XX (XX.X %) CR XX (XX.X %) PR XX (XX.X %)

Note:

- [1] "n" denotes the number of subjects who would have completed X months in study from the date of randomization
- [2] Percentage will be calculated taking respective "n" count as denominator.

General Note:

> NE: Not evaluated

_											
P	_	$\neg \neg$	70.5	mm	T D	$\boldsymbol{\sigma}$	N	~	-7	_	•

	table wi ollow-up v	ll include visits.	the	analysis	for	the	remaining	available	cycle	after	cycle	6 and	after	every	3
													20 Jun 20	116	

Table 14.2.1.2 Summary of Responder - ITT Population (N=XXX)

Response, n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (N=XX)	95 % CI (Clopper-Pearson)
Responder	XX (XX.X %)	XX.X - XX.X
Non-Responder	XX (XX.X %)	XX.X - XX.X

[1] Percentage will be calculated taking respective header count as denominator.

General Note:

> Patients without a post-baseline tumor assessment will be considered to be non-responders.

Table 14.2.1.3 Summary of Best Overall Response - ITT Population (N=XXX)

D	Pertuzumab
Response, n (%) [1]	(N=XX)
Complete Response (CR)	XX (XX.X %)
Partial Response (PR)	XX (XX.X %)
Stable Disease (SD)	XX (XX.X %)
Progression Disease (PD)	XX (XX.X %)
Unable To Assess (UA)	XX (XX.X %)

[1] Percentage will be calculated taking respective header count as denominator.

General Note:

- > Best Overall Response will be considered to be the best response, out of all the documented responses, patient has given in the entire study period.
- > Patients having response as "UA" will not be included in the analysis.

Table 14.2.1.4 Summary of Overall Response Rate (CR+PR) - ITT Population (N=XXX)

Response, n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
ORR (CR+PR)	XX (XX.X %)
Non-ORR (SD+PD)	XX (XX.X %)

[1] Percentage will be calculated taking respective header count as denominator.

General Note:

- > Overall response rate will be calculated by considering patients having CR or PR as response.
- > Patients having response as "UA" will not be included in the analysis.

Table 14.2.1.5 Summary of Disease Control (CR+PR+SD) - ITT Population (N=XXX)

Response, n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Disease Control (CR+PR+SD)	XX (XX.X %)
Disease Progression (PD)	XX (XX.X %)

[1] Percentage will be calculated taking respective header count as denominator.

General Note:

- > Patients not having disease progression will be considered under disease control category.
- Patients having response as "UA" will not be included in the analysis.

Table 14.2.1.6 Summary of Duration of Overall Response - ITT Population (N=XXX)

tatistics	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
n	XX
Mean	X.XX
SD	X.XX
Median	X.XX
Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX)

Source Data: Listing 16.2.2.1 and 16.2.6.2

General Note:

> The duration of overall response is measured from the time measurement criteria are met for CR or PR (whichever is first recorded) until the first date that recurrent or progressive disease is objectively documented (taking as reference for progressive disease the smallest measurements recorded since the treatment started).

Table 14.2.1.7 Summary of Duration of Stable Disease - ITT Population (N=XXX)

atistics	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
n	XX
Mean	X.XX
SD	X.XX
Median	X.XX
Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)

Source Data: Listing 16.2.6.1 and 16.2.6.2

General Note:

> Duration of stable disease is measured from the start of the treatment until the criteria for progression are met, taking as reference the smallest measurements recorded since the treatment started.

Table 14.2.1.8 Summary of Progression Free Survival at Each Visit - ITT Population (N=XXX)

Visits	Category, n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
Cycle 3		
	n	XX
	Progression Free Patients	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle 6		
	n	XX
	Progression Free Patients	XX (XX.X %)
Cycle		
	n	XX
	Progression Free Patients	XX (XX.X %)
After 28 Days		
	n	XX
	Progression Free Patients	XX (XX.X %)
After 3 Months		
	n	XX
	Progression Free Patients	XX (XX.X %)
		
End of Study		
	n	XX
	Progression Free Patients	XX (XX.X %)

Source Data: Listing 16.2.6.1 and 16.2.6.2

Note:

- [1] "n" denotes the number of subjects who would have completed "X visits" in study from the date of randomization
- [2] Percentage will be calculated taking respective "n" count as denominator.

Programming Note:

> The same table will include the analysis for the remaining available cycle after cycle 6 and after every 3 months follow-up visits.

Table 14.2.1.9 Summary of Progression Free Survival by K-M Analysis - ITT Population (N=XXX)

Category, n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Number (%) of Patients having Progression/death	XX (XX.X %)
Number (%) of censored Patients	XX (XX.X %)
Median duration of Progression Free Survival (95 % CI) [2]	XX.X (XX.XX : XX.XX)
Probability of progression free survival	
Cycle 3	X.XXXX
Cycle 6	X.XXXX
Cycle	X.XXXX
After 28 Days	X.XXXX
After 3 Months	X.XXXX
End of the study	X.XXXX

Source Data: Listing 16.2.6.1 and 16.2.6.2

Note:

- [1] Percentage will be calculated taking respective column header group count as denominator.
- [2] The median duration of progression free survival will be estimated by Kaplan-Meier method and also 90% confidence interval will be calculated for the median duration of progression free survival.

General Note:

- > Events are the documented progression or death due to any cause.
- > Censoring: Subjects without occurrence of progression or death during study period, drop outs and lost-to-follow up subjects are censored at the time of last follow-up visit.

Programming Note:

- The duration will be considered as difference between first drug administration to date of documented progression or death due to any cause.
- The probability of survival at any visit will be derived by the "OUTSERVE =" option of PROC LIFETEST. The probability from Survival Distribution Function in dataset derived by "OUTSERVE =" option will be represented at each specified time point.
- > The same table will include the analysis for the remaining available cycle after cycle 6 and after every 3 months follow-up visits.
- > Same mock-up will be used to generate the table for Aggressive vs. Non-aggressive by specifying "Disease Status" as STRATA in PROC LIFETEST with change in table number and table title as:

Table 14.2.1.10 Summary of Progression Free Survival by K-M Analysis for Disease Status - ITT Population (N=XXX)

- Same mock-up will be used to generate the table for treatment only for those patients who have prior anti-HER2 treated patients and Hormone Receptor Status with change in table number and table title as:
 - Table 14.2.1.11 Summary of Progression Free Survival by K-M Analysis for Prior anti-HER2 treated patients ITT Population (N=XXX)
- Table 14.2.1.12 Summary of Progression Free Survival by K-M Analysis for Hormone Receptor status ITT Population (N=XXX)

Table 14.2.1.13 Summary of Overall Survival at Each Visit - ITT Population (N=XXX)

Category, n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
n	XX
Alive Patients	XX (XX.X %)
n	XX
Alive Patients	XX (XX.X %)
n	XX
Alive Patients	XX (XX.X %)
n	XX
Alive Patients	XX (XX.X %)
n	XX
Alive Patients	XX (XX.X %)
n	XX
Alive Patients	XX (XX.X %)
	n Alive Patients n Alive Patients n Alive Patients n Alive Patients n Alive Patients

End of the Study

Alive Patients

XX XX (XX.X %)

Source Data: Listing 16.2.6.3

Note:

- [1] "n" denotes the number of subjects who would have completed X months in study from the date of randomization
- [2] Percentage will be calculated taking respective "n" count as denominator.

Programming Note:

The same table will include the analysis for the remaining available cycle after cycle 6 and after every 3 months follow-up visits.

Table 14.2.1.14 Summary of Overall Survival by K-M Analysis - ITT Population (N=XXX)

Catamana	Pertuzumab (N=XX)	
Category, n (%) [1]		
Number (%) of Patients having death	XX (XX.X %)	
Number (%) of censored Patients	XX (XX.X %)	
Median duration of Overall Survival (90 % CI) [2]	XX.X (XX.XX : XX.XX)	
Probability of overall survival		
Cycle 3	0.XXXX	
Cycle 6	0.XXXX	
Cycle	0.XXXX	
After 28 Days	0.XXXX	
After 3 Months	0.XXXX	
End of the study	0.XXXX	

Note:

- [1] Percentage will be calculated taking respective column header group count as denominator.
- [2] The median duration of overall survival will be estimated by Kaplan-Meier method and also 90% confidence interval will be calculated for the median duration of overall survival.

General Note:

- > Events are the documented death of the patient due to any cause.
- > Censoring: Subjects without occurrence of death during study period, drop outs and lost-to-follow up subjects are censored at the time of last follow-up visit.

Programming Note:

- > The same table will include the analysis for the remaining available cycle after cycle 6 and after every 3 months follow-up visits.
- > The duration will be considered as difference between first drug administrations to date of documented death of any patient.
- The probability of survival at any visit will be derived by the "OUTSERVE =" option of PROC LIFETEST. The probability from Survival Distribution Function in dataset derived by "OUTSERVE =" option will be represented at each specified time point.
- > Same mock-up will be used to generate the table for Aggressive vs. Non-aggressive by specifying "Disease Status" as STRATA in PROC LIFETEST with change in table number and table title as:

Table 14.2.1.15 Summary of Overall Survival by K-M Analysis for Disease Status - ITT Population (N=XXX)

> Same mock-up will be used to generate the table for treatment only for those patients who have prior anti-HER2 treated patients and Hormone Receptor Status with change in table number and table title as:

Table 14.2.1.16 Summary of Overall Survival by K-M Analysis for Prior anti-HER2 treated patients - ITT Population (N=XXX)

Table 14.2.1.17 Summary of Overall Survival by K-M Analysis for Hormone Receptor status - ITT Population (N=XXX)

14.3 Safety Analysis

14.3.1 Adverse Events

Table 14.3.1.1 Overall Summary of Adverse Events -Safety Population (N=XXX)

	Pertuzumab
	(N=XXX)
Total Number of AEs Reported	XX
Subjects Reporting Any AEs [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting 1 AE	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting >1 AE	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting No AEs [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Number of AEs with Intensity (NCI -CTCAE v4.03): [2]	
Grade 1	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 2	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 3	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 4	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 5	XX (XX.X %)
Number of AEs with Relationship to Pertuzumab:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
Number of AEs with Relationship to Trastuzumab:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
Number of AEs with Relationship to Docetaxel:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
Number of AEs by Action taken:[2]	

No action taken	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion Slow Down	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion Interrupted	XX (XX.X %)
Appropriate Medical Therapies Administered	XX (XX.X %)
umber of AEs by Event Outcome:[2]	
Resolved No-Sequelae	XX (XX.X %)
Resolved-with Sequelae	XX (XX.X %)
Unresolved	XX (XX.X %)
Death	XX (XX.X %)
umber of AEs by Chemotherapy Adjustment:[2]	
None	XX (XX.X %)
Dosage Modified/including interruptions	XX (XX.X %)
Discontinued	XX (XX.X %)
umber of AEs of suspected cardiac origin:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
umber of AEs symptomatic of left ventricular systolic dysfunction:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
No	XX (XX.X %)
umber of AEs with NYHA Class [2]	
I	XX (XX.X %)
II	XX (XX.X %)
III	XX (XX.X %)
IV	XX (XX.X %)
umber of AEs with LVEF decreases:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)

Ио	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting AEs Leading to Withdraw [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting Serious AEs [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting Death	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting AESIs [1]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
No	XX (XX.X %)

Note:

- [1] Percentage will be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator.
- [2] Percentage will be calculated by taking count of 'Total Number of AEs Reported' in corresponding treatment group as denominator.

General Note:

- > Adverse events are coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later.
- > AEs: Adverse Events

Table 14.3.1.1a Overall Summary of Treatment Emergent Adverse Events -Safety Population (N=XXX)

	Pertuzumab
	(N=XXX)
Total Number of TEAEs Reported	XX
Subjects Reporting Any TEAEs [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting 1 TEAE	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting >1 TEAE	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting No TEAEs [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Number of TEAEs with Intensity (NCI -CTCAE v4.03): [2]	
Grade 1	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 2	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 3	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 4	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 5	XX (XX.X %)
Number of TEAEs with Relationship to Pertuzumab:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
Number of TEAEs with Relationship to Trastuzumab:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
Number of TEAEs with Relationship to Docetaxel:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
Number of TEAEs by Action taken:[2]	
No action taken	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion Slow Down	XX (XX.X %)

Infusion Interrupted	XX (XX.X %)
Appropriate Medical Therapies Administered	XX (XX.X %)
umber of TEAEs by Event Outcome:[2]	
Resolved No-Sequelae	XX (XX.X %)
Resolved-with Sequelae	XX (XX.X %)
Unresolved	XX (XX.X %)
Death	XX (XX.X %)
umber of TEAEs by Chemotherapy Adjustment:[2]	
None	XX (XX.X %)
Dosage Modified/including interruptions	XX (XX.X %)
Discontinued	XX (XX.X %)
number of TEAEs of suspected cardiac origin:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
number of TEAEs symptomatic of left ventricular systolic dysfunction:[2]	
umber of TEAEs symptomatic of left ventricular systolic dysfunction:[2] Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)
Yes No	
Yes	
Yes No Tumber of TEAEs with NYHA Class [2]	XX (XX.X %)
Yes No umber of TEAEs with NYHA Class [2]	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)
Yes No Number of TEAEs with NYHA Class [2] I	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)
Yes No Number of TEAEs with NYHA Class [2] I II III III IV	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)
No Number of TEAEs with NYHA Class [2] I II III	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)

XX (XX.X %)
XX (XX.X %)
XX (XX.X %)
XX (XX.X %)
XX (XX.X %)

Note:

- [1] Percentage will be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator.
- [2] Percentage will be calculated by taking count of 'Total Number of TEAEs Reported' in corresponding treatment group as denominator.

General Note:

- > Adverse events will be coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later.
- > TEAEs: Treatment Emergent Adverse Events

Table 14.3.1.1b Overall Summary of Non-Treatment Emergent Adverse Events -Safety Population (N=XXX)

	Pertuzumab
	(N=XXX)
Total Number of non-TEAEs Reported	XX
Subjects Reporting Any non-TEAEs [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting 1 non-TEAE	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting >1 non-TEAE	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting No non-TEAEs [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Number of non-TEAEs with Intensity (NCI -CTCAE v4.03): [2]	
Grade 1	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 2	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 3	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 4	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 5	XX (XX.X %)
Number of non-TEAEs with Relationship to Pertuzumab:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
Number of non-TEAEs with Relationship to Trastuzumab:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
Number of non-TEAEs with Relationship to Docetaxel:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
Number of non-TEAEs by Action taken:[2]	
No action taken	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion Slow Down	XX (XX.X %)

Infusion Interrupted	XX (XX.X %)
Appropriate Medical Therapies Administered	XX (XX.X %)
Number of non-TEAEs by Event Outcome:[2]	
Resolved No-Sequelae	XX (XX.X %)
Resolved-with Sequelae	XX (XX.X %)
Unresolved	XX (XX.X %)
Death	XX (XX.X %)
Number of non-TEAEs by Chemotherapy Adjustment:[2]	
None	XX (XX.X %)
Dosage Modified/including interruptions	XX (XX.X %)
Discontinued	XX (XX.X %)
umber of non-TEAEs of suspected cardiac origin:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
umber of non-TEAEs symptomatic of left ventricular systolic dysfunction:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
No	XX (XX.X %)
umber of non-TEAEs with NYHA Class [2]	
I	XX (XX.X %)
II	XX (XX.X %)
III	XX (XX.X %)
IV	XX (XX.X %)
Number of non-TEAEs with LVEF decreases:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
No	XX (XX.X %)

Subjects Reporting non-TEAEs Leading to Withdraw [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting Serious non-TEAEs [1] Subjects Reporting Death	XX (XX.X %) XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting AESIs [1]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
No	XX (XX.X %)

Note:

- [1] Percentage will be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator.
- [2] Percentage will be calculated by taking count of 'Total Number of non TEAEs Reported' in corresponding treatment group as denominator.

General Note:

- > Non Treatment Emergent Adverse events will be coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later.
- ➤ Non TEAEs: Non Treatment Emergent Adverse events

Table 14.3.1.2 Summary of Adverse Events (including subjects reporting SAEs) by MedDRA System Organ Class and Preferred Term -Safety Population (N=XXX)

	Pertuzumab
System Organ Class/Preferred Term, n (%) [1]	
	(N=XXX)
Total number of subjects with at least one Adverse Events(including subjects reporting SAEs)	XX (XX.X %)
Total number of Adverse Events	XX
System Organ Class 1	XX (XX.X %)
Preferred Term 1	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
Preferred Term 2	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	••••••
System Organ Class 2	XX (XX.X %)
Preferred Term 1	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
Preferred Term 2	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
···············	

Note:

[1] Percentage will be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator.

General Note:

- > Adverse events will be coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later
- > All Adverse events are presented as: number of subjects (percent of subjects) [number of events].
- > Subjects may have reported more than one event per system organ class or preferred term. Subjects will be only counted once for each system organ class or preferred term.

Table 14.3.1.2a Summary of Adverse Events (excluding subjects reporting SAEs) by MedDRA System Organ Class and Preferred Term -Safety Population (N=XXX)

	Pertuzumab
System Organ Class/Preferred Term, n (%) [1]	
	(N=XXX)
Total number of subjects with at least one Adverse Events(excluding subjects reporting SAEs)	XX (XX.X %)
Total number of Adverse Events	XX
System Organ Class 1	XX (XX.X %)
Preferred Term 1	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
Preferred Term 2	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	••••••
System Organ Class 2	XX (XX.X %)
Preferred Term 1	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
Preferred Term 2	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
···············	

Note:

[1] Percentage will be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator.

General Note:

- > Adverse events will be coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later
- > All Adverse events are presented as: number of subjects (percent of subjects) [number of events].
- > Subjects may have reported more than one event per system organ class or preferred term. Subjects will be only counted once for each system organ class or preferred term.

Table 14.3.1.3 Summary of Adverse Events by MedDRA System Organ Class and Preferred Term by Intensity -Safety Population (N=XXX)

		Pertuzumab
System Organ Class/Preferred Term, n (%) [1]	Intensity	(N=XXX)
Total number of subjects with		XX (XX.X %)
at least one Adverse Events		$m (m \cdot n \cdot n)$
Total number of Adverse Events		XX
System Organ Class 1		XX (XX.X %)
Preferred Term 1		XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	Grade 1	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	Grade 2	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	Grade 3	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	Grade 4	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	Grade 5	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
Preferred Term 2		XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	Grade 1	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	Grade 2	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	Grade 3	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	Grade 4	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	Grade 5	XX (XX.X %) [XX]

Note:

[1] Percentage will be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator

General Note:

- ➤ Adverse events will be coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later
- > All Adverse events are presented as: number of subjects (percent of subjects) [number of events].

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>	Subjects may counted once	have rep for each	orted mor system or	e than organ clas	one event ss or pre	t per sys eferred te	tem org	an class	s or	preferred	term.	Subjects	will }	oe onl	ГЛ

Table 14.3.1.4 Summary of Adverse Events by MedDRA System Organ Class and Preferred Term by Action Taken -Safety Population (N=XXX)

System Organ Class/Preferred Term, n (%) [1]	Action Taken	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)		
Total number of subjects with at least one Adverse Events		XX (XX.X %)		
Total number of Adverse Events		XX		
System Organ Class 1		XX (XX.X %)		
Preferred Term 1		XX (XX.X %) [XX]		
	No action taken	XX (XX.X %) [XX]		
	Infusion Slow Down	XX (XX.X %) [XX]		
	Infusion Interrupted	XX (XX.X %) [XX]		
	Appropriate Medical Therapies Administered	XX (XX.X %) [XX]		
Preferred Term 2		XX (XX.X %) [XX]		
	No action taken	XX (XX.X %) [XX]		
	Infusion Slow Down	XX (XX.X %) [XX]		
	Infusion Interrupted	XX (XX.X %) [XX]		
	Appropriate Medical Therapies Administered	XX (XX.X %) [XX]		

Note:

[1] Percentage should be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator.

General Note:

Adverse events will be coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later

All Adverse events will be presented as: number of subjects (percent of subjects) [number of events]. Subjects may have reported more than one event per system organ class or preferred term. Subjects will be only counted once for each system organ class or preferred term.

Table 14.3.1.5 Summary of Adverse Events by MedDRA System Organ Class and Preferred Term by Event Outcome -Safety Population (N=XXX)

System Organ Class/Preferred Term, n (%) [1]	lass/Preferred Term, n (%) [1] Event Outcome		
Total number of subjects with at least one Adverse Events		XX (XX.X %)	
Total number of Adverse Events		XX	
System Organ Class 1		XX (XX.X %)	
Preferred Term 1		XX (XX.X %) [XX]	
	Resolved No-Sequelae	XX (XX.X %) [XX]	
	Resolved-with Sequelae	XX (XX.X %) [XX]	
	Unresolved	XX (XX.X %) [XX]	
	Death	XX (XX.X %) [XX]	
Preferred Term 2		XX (XX.X %) [XX]	
	Resolved No-Sequelae	XX (XX.X %) [XX]	
	Resolved-with Sequelae	XX (XX.X %) [XX]	
	Unresolved	XX (XX.X %) [XX]	
	Death	XX (XX.X %) [XX]	
•••••			

Note:

[1] Percentage will be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator.

General Note:

> Adverse events will be coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later

All Adverse events will be presented as: number of subjects (percent of subjects) [number of events]. Subjects may have reported more than one event per system organ class or preferred term. Subjects will be only counted once for each system organ class or preferred term.

Table 14.3.1.6 Summary of Assessment during Adverse Event -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Assessment [1]	Category n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
Chemotherapy adjustment		
	None	XX (XX.X %)
	Dosage modified/including interruptions	XX (XX.X %)
	Discontinued	XX (XX.X %)
Is Event symptomatic of left ventricular systolic dysfunction		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
NYHA Class		
	I	XX (XX.X %)
	II	XX (XX.X %)
	III	XX (XX.X %)
	IV	XX (XX.X %)
LVEF decrease		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
		. ,

Note:

[1] Respective column header group count will be used as denominator in percentage calculation.

14.3.2 Serious Adverse Events

Table 14.3.2.1 Summary of Serious Adverse Events -Safety Population (N=XXX)

	Pertuzumab
	(N=XXX)
Total Number of SAEs Reported	XX
Subjects Reporting Any SAEs [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting 1 SAEs	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting >1 SAEs	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting No SAEs [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Number of SAEs with Intensity (Initial NCI -CTCAE v4.03): [2]	
Grade 1	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 2	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 3	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 4	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 5	XX (XX.X %)
Number of SAEs with Intensity (Most Extreme NCI -CTCAE v4.03): [2]	
Grade 1	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 2	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 3	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 4	XX (XX.X %)
Grade 5	XX (XX.X %)
Number of SAEs with Intensity Scale (Initial Intensity) [2]	
Mild	XX (XX.X %)
Moderate	XX (XX.X %)
Severe	XX (XX.X %)

per of SAEs with Intensity Scale (Most Extreme Intensity) [2] Mild	XX (XX.X %)
Moderate	XX (XX.X %)
Severe	XX (XX.X %)
ber of SAEs with Relationship to Pertuzumab:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
mber of SAEs with Relationship to Trastuzumab:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
mber of SAEs with Relationship to Docetaxel:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
mber of SAEs by Suspect Cause:[2]	
Caused by drug	XX (XX.X %)
Disease under study	XX (XX.X %)
Medical History or Concurrent Illness	XX (XX.X %)
Concomitant Medication	XX (XX.X %)
Protocol Related Procedure	XX (XX.X %)
Others	XX (XX.X %)
umber of SAEs by Action taken:[2]	
Infusion of Pertuzumab Reduced	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Pertuzumab Temporarily Interrupted	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Pertuzumab Permanently Discontinued	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Trastuzumab Reduced	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Trastuzumab Reduced	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Trastuzumab Temporarily Interrupted	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Trastuzumab Permanently Discontinued	XX (XX.X %)

Infusion of Docetaxel Reduced	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Docetaxel Temporarily Interrupted	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Docetaxel Permanently Discontinued	XX (XX.X %)
Number of SAEs by Event Outcome:[2]	
Fatal	XX (XX.X %)
Recovered/Resolved	XX (XX.X %)
Recovered/Resolved-with Sequelae	XX (XX.X %)
Recovering/Resolving	XX (XX.X %)
Not recovered/Not resolved	XX (XX.X %)
Unknown	XX (XX.X %)
Number of SAEs by Reasons:[2]	
Results in death	XX (XX.X %)
Life-threatening	XX (XX.X %)
Requires in patient hospitalization	XX (XX.X %)
Requires prolongation of existing hospitalization	XX (XX.X %)
Persistent or significant disability / incapacity	XX (XX.X %)
Congenital anomaly / birth defect	XX (XX.X %)
Medically Significant	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting SAEs Leading to Withdraw [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting Serious SAEs [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting Death	XX (XX.X %)

Note:

[1] Percentage should be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator.

General Note:

- > Serious Adverse events will be coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later
- > All Serious Adverse events will be presented as: number of subjects (percent of subjects).
- > Subjects might have reported more than one event per system organ class or preferred term. Subjects will be only counted once for each system organ class or preferred term.

Table 14.3.2.2 Summary of Serious Adverse Events by MedDRA System Organ Class and Preferred Term -Safety Population (N=XXX)

System Organ Class/Preferred Term, n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
Total number of subjects with at Least one serious adverse events	XX (XX.X %)
Total number of serious adverse events	XX
System Organ Class 1	XX (XX.X %)
Preferred Term 1	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
Preferred Term 2	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
	•••••
System Organ Class 2	XX (XX.X %)
Preferred Term 1	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
Preferred Term 2	XX (XX.X %) [XX]
·············	***************************************

Note:

[1] Percentage should be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator.

General Note:

- > Serious Adverse events will be coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later
- > All Serious Adverse events will be presented as: number of subjects (percent of subjects) [number of events].
- > Subjects might have reported more than one event per system organ class or preferred term. Subjects will be only counted once for each system organ class or preferred term.

Table 14.3.2.3 Summary of Adverse Event of Special Interest -Safety Population (N=XXX)

	Pertuzumab	
	(N=XXX)	
Total Number of AESIs Reported	XX	
Subjects Reporting Any AESIs [1]	XX (XX.X %)	
Subjects Reporting 1 AESIs	XX (XX.X %)	
Subjects Reporting >1 AESIs	XX (XX.X %)	
Subjects Reporting No AESIs [1]	XX (XX.X %)	
Number of AESIs with Intensity (Initial NCI -CTCAE v4.03): [2]		
Grade 1	XX (XX.X %)	
Grade 2	XX (XX.X %)	
Grade 3	XX (XX.X %)	
Grade 4	XX (XX.X %)	
Grade 5	XX (XX.X %)	
Number of AESIs with Intensity (Most Extreme NCI -CTCAE v4.03): [2]		
Grade 1	XX (XX.X %)	
Grade 2	XX (XX.X %)	
Grade 3	XX (XX.X %)	
Grade 4	XX (XX.X %)	
Grade 5	XX (XX.X %)	
Number of AESIs with Intensity Scale (Initial Intensity) [2]		
Mild	XX (XX.X %)	
Moderate	XX (XX.X %)	
Severe	XX (XX.X %)	

Number of AESIs with Intensity Scale (Most Extreme Intensity) [2]	
Mild	XX (XX.X %)
Moderate	XX (XX.X %)
Severe	XX (XX.X %)
Number of AESIs with Relationship to Pertuzumab:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
umber of AESIs with Relationship to Trastuzumab:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
umber of AESIs with Relationship to Docetaxel:[2]	
Yes	XX (XX.X %)
umber of AESIs by Suspect Cause:[2]	
Caused by drug	XX (XX.X %)
Disease under study	XX (XX.X %)
Medical History or Concurrent Illness	XX (XX.X %)
Concomitant Medication	XX (XX.X %)
Protocol Related Procedure	XX (XX.X %)
Others	XX (XX.X %)
umber of AESIs by Action taken:[2]	
Infusion of Pertuzumab Reduced	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Pertuzumab Temporarily Interrupted	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Pertuzumab Permanently Discontinued	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Trastuzumab Reduced	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Trastuzumab Temporarily Interrupted	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Trastuzumab Permanently Discontinued	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Docetaxel Reduced	XX (XX.X %)

Infusion of Docetaxel Temporarily Interrupted	XX (XX.X %)
Infusion of Docetaxel Permanently Discontinued	XX (XX.X %)
Number of AESIs by Event Outcome: [2]	
Fatal	XX (XX.X %)
Recovered/Resolved	XX (XX.X %)
Recovered/Resolved-with Sequelae	XX (XX.X %)
Recovering/Resolving	XX (XX.X %)
Not recovered/Not resolved	XX (XX.X %)
Unknown	XX (XX.X %)
Number of AESIs by Reasons:[2]	
Results in death	XX (XX.X %)
Life-threatening	XX (XX.X %)
Requires in patient hospitalization	XX (XX.X %)
Requires prolongation of existing hospitalization	XX (XX.X %)
Persistent or significant disability / incapacity	XX (XX.X %)
Congenital anomaly / birth defect	XX (XX.X %)
Medically Significant	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting AESIs Leading to Withdraw [1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting AESIs[1]	XX (XX.X %)
Subjects Reporting Death	XX (XX.X %)

Note:

[1] Percentage should be calculated by taking respective column header group count as denominator.

General Note:

➤ Adverse events of special interest (AESIs) will be coded using MedDRA version 18.1 or later

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>	All Adverse events of special interest (AESIs) will will be presented as: number of subjects (percent of subjects).
>	Subjects might have reported more than one event per system organ class or preferred term. Subjects will be only counted once for each system organ class or preferred term.

14.3.3 Concomitant Medication

Table 14.3.3.1 Summary of Concomitant Medication Assessment -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Cherapeutic Class, n (%) [1]	Generic name, n (%) [2]	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)	Count of Ongoing [3]
nerapeutic Class 1		XX (XX.X %)	
	Generic Name 1	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	Generic Name 2	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)
	Generic Name 3	XX (XX.X %)	XX (XX.X %)

Source Data: Listing

Note:

- [1] Percentages of Therapeutic class will be calculated from respective column header group count as denominator in percentage calculation.
- [2] Percentages of Generic Name will be calculated from Respective Class counts.
- [3] Percentages of Count of Ongoing will be calculated from respective generic name counts.

14.3.4 Vital Signs

Table 14.3.4.1 Summary of Weight at all visits -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Visits	Statistics	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
ycle 1		
-	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX

Source Data: Listing 16.4.1.1 and 16.4.1.2

Note:

[1] If a particular parameter measurement is not captured, will be displayed under 'Missing' category

Programming Note:

> The same table will also include the analysis for all the other remaining available visits.

Table 14.3.4.2 Summary of Vital Signs at different Cycles -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Wital Ciana	Chabiatiaa	Infusion of	Pertuzumab	Infusion of	Trastuzumab	Infusion o	of Docetaxel
Vital Signs	Statistics	Prior	After	Prior	After	Prior	After
Cycle 1							
Cycle 1 Pulse Rate							
Pulse Rate		7777	7777	7777	7777	7777	7777
	n	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
	Mean	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Respiratory							
rate							
	n	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
	Mean	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX	XX	XX	XX XX	XX	XX
3lood							
Pressure(mmH							
•							
g)							
Systolic							
	n	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
	Mean	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX

Diastolic							
	n	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
	Mean	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Temperature							
(°C)							
	n	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
	Mean	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
		•••	•••	•••		•••	•••

Source Data: Listing 16.4.1.1 and 16.4.1.2

Note:

[1] If a particular parameter measurement is not captured, will be displayed under 'Missing' category

Programming Note:

The same table will also include the analysis for all other remaining available visits-Cycle 2, Cycle 3, Cycle 4, Cycle 5, Cycle 6 and so on.

Table 14.3.4.3 Summary of Vital Signs at different visits at follow-up Safety Population (N=XXX)

Vital Signs	Statistics	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
After 28 Days		
Pulse Rate		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX
Respiratory rate		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX
Blood Pressure(mmHg)		
Systolic		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX
Diastolic		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX

	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX
Temperature (°C)		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min: Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Missing [1]	XX

Source Data: Listing 16.4.1.1 and 16.4.1.2

Note:

[1] If a particular parameter measurement is not captured, will be displayed under 'Missing' category

Programming Note:

> The same table will also include the analysis for all other remaining available visits-After 28 Days, After every 3 months follow-up period, and End of the study.

14.3.5 Physical Examination

Table 14.3.5.1 Summary of Physical Examination at all visits- Safety Population (N=XXX)

Physical Examination [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Cycle 1		
Physical examinations performed		
-	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
If Yes, Result[2]		
	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
	Abnormal	XX (XX.X %)

Source Data: Listing 16.4.2

Note:

- [1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.
- [1] Percentages will be calculated using category "Yes" of "Physical examinations performed" as denominator.

Programming Note:

> Also, the same table will also include the analysis for all the remaining available visits.

14.3.6 Laboratory Assessments

Table 14.3.6.1 Summary of Serum Chemistry at all visits- Safety Population (N=XXX)

Test [1]		Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Cycle 1		200020000, 00009011, (0)	\-·/
Cycle I Sodium			
Socium	Result		XX
	Result	n Maar	
		Mean	XX.X
		SD Median	XX.XX
			XX.X
		Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
			7111 (7111-211 0)
	Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	2 3	No	XX (XX.X %)
Potassium			
	Result	n	XX
		Mean	XX.X
		SD	XX.XX
		Median	XX.X
		Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
	Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	-	No	XX (XX.X %)
	Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
		No	XX (XX.X %)
		140	27/7 (27/7 • 27 0)
Calcium			
	Result	n	XX

	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
		•••

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Programming Note:

- The same table will also include other parameters of Serum Chemistry- Chloride, Magnesium, BUN(urea), Uric acid, Total protein, Albumin, Alkaline Phosphatase, Alanine Transaminase (ALAT), Aspartate Aminotransferase(ASAT), Gamma Glutamyl Transferase(GGT), Lactate Dehydrogenase(LDH), Total Bilirubin, Creatinine, Blood Glucose and Creatinine Clearance.
- > Also, the same table will include the analysis for all the remaining available visits.

Table 14.3.6.2 Summary of Hematology Test at All Visit- Safety Population (N=XXX)

Test [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Cycle 1		
Hemoglobin		
Result	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
-	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
ematocrit		
Result	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
-	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
ed Blood Cells (RBC)		
Result	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX

	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
White Blood Cells (WBC)		
Result	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
•••	***	

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Programming Note:

- > The same table will also include other parameters of Hematology- Neutrophils, Lymphocytes, Monocytes, Eosinophils, Basophils, Other Cells, and Platelet Count.
- > Also, the same table will include the analysis for all the remaining available visits.

Table 14.3.6.3 Summary of Coagulation Test at All Visits- Safety Population (N=XXX)

Test [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Cycle 1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
International normalization ratio(INR)		
Result	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
-	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time (aPTT)		
Result	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Partial Thromboplastin Time (PTT)		
Result	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX

	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
Out of Range	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
Clinically Significant	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
•••		***

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Programming Note:

> Also, the same table will include the analysis for all the remaining available visits.

Table 14.3.6.4 Summary of Pregnancy Test at different Visits- Safety Population (N=XXX)

		Pertuzumab			
Result [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	(N=XX)			
Cycle 3					
Was Pregnancy Test Done					
	Done	XX (XX.X %)			
	Not Done	XX (XX.X %)			
	Not Applicable	XX (XX.X %)			
If done [2]					
Method	Serum	XX (XX.X %)			
	Urine	XX (XX.X %)			
Results	Positive	XX (XX.X %)			
	Negative	XX (XX.X %)			
If Urinary positive[3]					
Serum Results	Positive	XX (XX.X %)			
	Negative	XX (XX.X %)			
					

Note

- [1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.
- [2] Percentages will be calculated using "Done" category of "Was Pregnancy Test Done" as denominator.
- [3] Percentages will be calculated using "positive" category of "Results of Urine Pregnancy Test" as denominator.

Programming Note:

> Also, the same table will include the analysis for all the remaining available visits.

Table 14.3.6.5 Summary of ECOG at different Visits- Safety Population (N=XXX)

Status [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)		
Cycle 3				
ECOG Performance Status				
Grade	0	XX (XX.X %)		
	1	XX (XX.X %)		
	2	XX (XX.X %)		
	3	XX (XX.X %)		
	4	XX (XX.X %)		
••				

Note: [1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Note: In ECOG Performance Status

Grade 0= Fully active, able to carry on all pre -disease performance without restriction

Grade 1= Restricted in physically strenuous activity but ambulatory and able to carry out work of a light or sedentary nature,

e.g., light house work, office work

Grade 2= Ambulatory and capable of all selfcare but unable to carry out any work activities. Up and about more than 50% of waking hours

Grade 3= Capable of only limited selfcare, confined to bed or chair more than 50% of waking hours

Grade 4= Completely disabled. Cannot carry on any self-care. Totally confined to bed or chair

Programming Note:

> Also, the same table will include the analysis for all the remaining available visits.

Table 14.3.6.6 Summary of LVEF and CHF at different Visits- Safety Population (N=XXX)

LVEF [1]	Statistics/Category, n (%)	Pertuzumab (N=XX)
Cycle 3	5520150105, 0200g011, 11 (0)	(21-2222)
-		
Results (%)		
	n	XX
	Mean	XX.X
	SD	XX.XX
	Median	XX.X
	Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)
LVEF done by		
LVEF done by	MUGA	XX (XX.X %)
	Echocardiography	XX (XX.X %)
	lonocal alogiaphy	7111 (7111-711 0)
If Echocardiography, method		
	Simpson (2-D)	XX (XX.X %)
	Teichholz (M-mode)	XX (XX.X %)
C' 1'		
LVEF finding	NT 1	7777 / 7777 77 O \
	Normal	XX (XX.X %)
	Abnormal but not clinically	XX (XX.X %)
	significant	
	Abnormal and clinically	XX (XX.X %)
	significant	,
Any new cardiac signs and symptoms	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
	1.0	21/1 (21/1 • 21 0)
Any worsening cardiac signs and symptoms	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)

Any signs or symptoms of CHF		
	Yes	XX (XX.X %)
	No	XX (XX.X %)
•••		

Note:

[1] Percentages will be calculated using (N=XX) of corresponding column header group as denominator.

Programming Note:

> Also, the same table will include the analysis for all the remaining available visits.

Table 14.3.6.7 Summary of LVEF at each visit-Safety Population (N=XXX)

Visits, n (%) [1]	Statistics/Category	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
Baseline		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Cycle 3		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Change from baseline to Cycle 3		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Cycle 6		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX

	SD	X.XX
	Median	X . XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Change from Baseline to Cycle 6		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
After 28 days		
	n	XX
	Mean	X . XX
	SD	X . XX
	Median	X . XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Change from Baseline to After 28 Days		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
After 3 months		
	n	XX

	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Change from Baseline to After 3 months		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
After 6 months		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Change from Baseline to After 6 months		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)

Prog	ra	amn	ning	Not	e:																	
>						e wil		de t	he	analysis	s for	the	remaining	available	cycle	after	cycle	6 8	and a	fter	every	3

Table 14.3.6.8 Summary of Target Lesion (Sum of longest diameters) at each visit-Safety Population (N=XXX)

Visits, n (%) [1]	Statistics/Category	Pertuzumab (N=XXX)
Baseline	,	
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Cycle 3		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Change from baseline to Cycle 3		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Cycle 6		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX

	SD	X.XX
	Median	X . XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Change from Baseline to Cycle 6		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
After 28 days		
	n	XX
	Mean	X . XX
	SD	X . XX
	Median	X . XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
Change from Baseline to After 28 Days		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
After 3 months		
	n	XX

	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
hange from Baseline to After 3 months		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
fter 6 months		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
hange from Baseline to After 6 months		
	n	XX
	Mean	X.XX
	SD	X.XX
	Median	X.XX
	Range (Min.: Max.)	(XX.XX:XX.XX)
		

Prog	rammin	g Note:														
>		same tabl hs follow		the	analysis	for	the	remaining	available	cycle	after	cycle	6 and	after	every	3
																_

Table 14.3.6.9 Summary of Mean Exposure to Study Treatment -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Cycle, n (%) [1]	Pertuzumab (N=XX)	Trastuzumab (N=XX)	Docetaxel (N=XX)
Length of Cycle			
n	XX	XX	XX
Mean	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
SD	XX.XX	XX.XX	XX.XX
Median	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X
Range(Min:Max)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)	(XX.X:XX.X)

1.2 Figures

14.2.1 Figures for Efficacy Analysis

Figure 14.2.1.1 K-M Plot for Progression Free Survival by Treatment -ITT Population (N=XXX)

K-M Plot	A step diagram of K-M analysis will be generated where X-axis will represent Time (Days) and Y-axis will represent Progression Free survival probability
----------	--

Source Data: Table 14.2.1.9

Programming Note:

> Same analysis figure will be prepared for the ITT Population with an appropriate change in title and figure no.:

Figure 14.2.1.2 K-M Plot for Progression Free Survival by Disease Status -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Figure 14.2.1.3 K-M Plot for Progression Free Survival for Prior anti-HER2 treated patients -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Figure 14.2.1.4 K-M Plot for Progression Free Survival for Hormone Receptor Status-ITT Population (N=XXX)

Figure 14.2.1.5 Bar Chart for Response Rate Analysis at Each Visit -ITT Population (N=XXX)

A multiple bar-chart will be generated to represent the response rate at each visit

Bar chart where X-axis will represent all the visits along with all the categories of response and Y-axis will represent percentage of patients.

Source Data: Table 14.2.1.1

Figure 14.2.1.6 K-M Plot for Overall Survival by Treatment -ITT Population (N=XXX)

K-M Plot	A step diagram of K-M analysis will be generated where X-axis will represent Time (Days) and Y-axis will represent overall survival probability
Source Data: Table 14.2.1.14	

Programming Note:

> Same analysis figure will be prepared for the ITT Population with an appropriate change in title and figure no.:

Figure 14.2.1.7 K-M Plot for Overall Survival by Disease Status -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Figure 14.2.1.8 K-M Plot for Overall Survival for Prior anti-HER2 treated patients -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Figure 14.2.1.9 K-M Plot for Overall Survival for Hormone Receptor Status-ITT Population (N=XXX)

Figure 14.2.1.10 Line Diagram for LVEF over a period of time -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Line Diagram for Mean and Median

Two line diagram for LVEF will be generated where X-axis will represent Time (Days) and Y-axis will represent Mean and Median respectively for both the line diagram.

Source Data: Table 14.3.6.7

1.3 LISTINGS

16.2 Patient Data Listings

Listing 16.2.1 Listing of Patient Discontinuation

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	The patient completed the protocol	If Yes, Date of Completion	If No, Date of Discontinuation	The primary reason for pre- mature discontinuation	If reason is death, mention date	Death Due to Disease Progres sion	If other reason, specify
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXXX	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No	XXXX
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXXX	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No	XXXX
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXXX	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No	XXXX
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.2.1 Listing of Protocol Deviation -Enrolled Population (N=XXX)

Site No./ Subject No.	Age/ Gender	Date	Reason of Deviation	Comments
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXXXXXX	XXX
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXXXXXX	XXX
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXXXXXX	XXX
	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.2.2 Listing of Analysis Population Sets -Enrolled Population (N=XXX)

Site No./ Subject No.	Age/Gender	Efficacy Population	Safety Population
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No
	•••	***	•••

Listing 16.2.3 Listing of Patients who fail to meet Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria -Enrolled Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Date of Informed Consent	All Inclusion and Exclusion criteria met	If No, Inclusion Criteria Number(s)	All Exclusion criteria Satisfied	If no, Exclusion criteria number(s)
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No/NA	NN	NN	NN
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No/NA	NN	NN	NN
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No/NA	NN	NN	NN
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

16.2.4 Listing of Demographics Listing 16.2.4.1 Listing of Patient Demographics -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age	Date of Visit	Sex	Date of Birth	Race	Ethnicity
NN/XXXX	NN	DDMMMYYYY	Male/Female	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX
NN/XXXX	NN	DDMMMYYYY	Male/Female	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX
NN/XXXX	NN	DDMMMYYYY	Male/Female	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.4.2 Listing of Medical History at Screening-ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Medical History	Start date	Stop Date	Ongoing	Is the subject on Medications
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	Yes/No
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	Yes/No
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	Yes/No
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.4.3 Listing of Breast Cancer Disease Therapy at Screening-ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subje ct No.	Age/S ex	Date of initial histological or cytological diagnosis	Breast cancer diagno sed	BC stage at initial Diagnos is	Locatio n of Primary Tumor	Was the prim ary tumo r	Prim ary tumo r size	Breast cancer subtype	Histolo gical grade	Nucl ear grad e	Estro gen recep tor statu s	Progeste rone receptor status	Brea st canc er type
NN/XX X	NN/XX X	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	NN	XXX	XXX	NN.N	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
NN/XX X	NN/XX X	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	NN	XXX	XXX	NN.N	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
NN/XX X	NN/XX X	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	NN	XXX	XXX	NN.N	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••

	Date		Breast tur	nor remna	ants	Histo	Brea st		Date of Diagnosis	Diagnos is of	
Date of Primary	of pathol ogical	Microscopic assessment		Macroscopic assessment		logic al grade	st canc er	DCIS present	of Metastati c or	metasta tic or	Date of Last
surgery	Assess ment	ssess Gross P		Pathological staging of BC	subt ype			Locally Recurrent Disease	Locally recurre nt BC	Recurrence	
DDMMMYY YY	DDMMMY YYY	XXX	NN.N	NN.N	NN	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMMYYYY
DDMMMYY YY	DDMMMY YYY	XXX	NN.N	NN.N	NN	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMMYYYY
DDMMMYY YY	DDMMMY YYY	XXX	XXX NN.N		NN	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMMYYYY
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••

Date of HER2 Confirmation If Metastatic	Method	IHC Score	ISH Negative/Positive	Progesterone Receptor Score if Metastatic	Estrogen Receptor Score if Metastatic	Any previous therapy for BC prior to Study
DDMMMYYYY	IHC/ISH	NN	XXX	XXX	XXX	Yes/No
DDMMMYYYY	IHC/ISH	NN	XXX	XXX	XXX	Yes/No
DDMMMYYYY	IHC/ISH	NN	XXX	XXX	XXX	Yes/No
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.4.4 Listing of Previous Hormone Therapy for Breast Cancer at Screening -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Has the patient received any hormone therapy	Name of Treatment	Total Dose Per Cycle	Unit	Route	Start date	End date	Ongoing at Screening
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.4.5 Listing of Previous Immunotherapy for Breast Cancer at Screening -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Has the patient received any Immunotherapy	Name of Treatment	Total Dose Per Cycle	Unit	Route	Start date	End date	Ongoing at Screening
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.4.6 Listing of Previous Biologic Therapy for Breast Cancer at Screening -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Has the patient received any Biologic Therapy	received any Treatment Der		Unit	Route	Start date	End date	Ongoing at Screening
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••

Listing 16.2.4.7 Listing of Previous Radiotherapy for Breast Cancer at Screening -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Has the patient received any Radiotherapy	Locati on	Specify locatio n if other	Tota 1 Dose	Unit	Reason for administratio	Start date	End date	Ongoing at Screening
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.4.8 Listing of Previous Chemotherapy for Breast Cancer at Screening -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Has the patient received any Radiotherapy	Name of Drug Treatment	If Anthracycline	Number Cycle	Unit	Method	Start date	End date	Ongoing at Screening
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.4.9 Listing of Previous Concomitant Therapy Log for Breast Cancer at Screening -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Generic Name	Indication	Start date	End date	Ongoing at Screening
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••

16.2.6 Listing for Efficacy
Listing 16.2.6.1 Listing of Tumor/Disease Assessment (Target Lessions) -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subjec	Age/Se	Visi t	Date of assessme	Are there any target	Was lesion measurab	Reaso n	Code of Orga	Locati on of	How assess	Statu s of Lesio	Siz e (mm	Sum of longest diamete rs	Inflammatory Breast Cance	
t No.			nt	lesion s	le		n site	lesion	ed	n)		Erythe ma	Edema
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYY Y	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	NN	NN/XXX	NN/XX X
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYY Y	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	NN	NN/XXX	NN/XX X
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYY Y	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	NN	NN/XXX	NN/XX X
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.6.2 Listing of Tumor/Disease Assessment (Non-Target Lesions) -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject	Age/Sex	Visit	Date of assessment	Are there any non- target	Method of Assessment	Status of	Code of Organ	If other organ	Les	Non-Target sions The Organ
No.).			lesions		Lesion	site	site	Single Lesion	Multiple Lesions
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	NN
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	NN
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	NN
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.6.3 Listing of Tumor/Disease Assessment (New Lesions -Target Lesions and Non-target Lesions) -ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Date of assessment	Are there any new lesions	Evaluation (Response) of Target Lesions	Evaluation (Response) of Non-Target Lesions	Overall Response
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.6.4 Listing of Survival Status-ITT Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/			Survival	Status	Did patient's	If	Yes	If No	If Not known
Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Status (Alive/Dead/ Withdrew consent)	Date of the status	disease progress since the last evaluation	Date of Progressiv e disease	How disease progressio n Was assessed	Date of most recent tumor assessment	Speci fy
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No/Not Known	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No/Not Known	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
NN/XXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No/Not Known	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX
		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Listing 16.2.7 Listing of Adverse Event -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site No./ Subject No.	Age/ Gender	Visit	AE Reported	soc	Preferred Term	Event	Onset Date	Is this event considered as a related to Pertuzumab	Is this event considered as a related to Trastuzumab	Is this event related to Docetaxel	Serious AE	Is this an Adverse Event of Special Interest (AESI)
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
	•••											

Act ion Tak en	Intensit y (NCI - CTCAE v4.0)	Chemother apy adjustmen t	Treatm ent given for this event	Advers e events of suspec ted cardia c origin	Is this event symptomatic of left ventricular systolic dysfunction	If Yes , NYH A Cla	LVEF decrea se	If not advers e event of suspec ted cardia c origin , specif y	Is there a reasonabl e suspected causal relations hip to study medicatio n	If Yes, mention study medicat ion	Outco me	Date Event Resolv ed	Commen ts on AE
								other cause					
XXX	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	XXX	Yes/No		Yes/No	XXX	XXX	DDMMYY YY	XXX
XXX	XXX	XXX	Yes/No Yes/No	Yes/No Yes/No	Yes/No Yes/No		Yes/No Yes/No	cause	Yes/No Yes/No	xxx	XXX		XXX
						XXX		cause				YY DDMMYY	

Listing 16.2.7.1 Listing of Serious Adverse Event -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site No./ Subject No.	Age/ Gender	Visit	AE Reported	soc	Preferred Term	Event	Onset Date	Date event became serious	Study Drug Causality	Study Drug	Other Suspect Causes	Cause of Seriousness of event
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	DDMMYYYY	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	DDMMYYYY	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	DDMMYYYY	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	XXX
	•••	•••	•••	•••			•••			•••		•••

SAE/AE SI outcom e	Date	AE Initial Intensit Y	AE most extreme intensit Y	AE initia l NCI- CTCAE grade	AE most extrem e NCI- CTCAE grade	Action taken with Pertuzuma b	Date of Action taken with Pertuzuma b	Action taken with Trastuzuma b	Date of Action taken with Trastuzuma b	Action taken with Docetaxe 1	Date of Action taken with Docetaxe
XXX	DDMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMYYYY
XXX	DDMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMYYYY
XXX	DDMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMYYYY	XXX	DDMMYYYY

16.2.8 Lab Test Evaluations
Listing 16.2.8.1 Listing of Hematology -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Date of Collection	Test	Results	Out of Range	Units	Clinically Significant
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	Yes/No
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	Yes/No
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	Yes/No
•••	•••							

Listing 16.2.8.2 Listing of Coagulation Test -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Date of Collection	Test	NA	Results	Units	Out of Range	Clinically Significant
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No
•••	•••								

Listing 16.2.8.3 Listing of Serum Chemistry -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Date of Collection	Test	Results	Out of Range	Units	Clinically Significant
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	Yes/No
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	Yes/No
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	XXX	Yes/No
•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••

Listing 16.2.8.4 Listing of Viral Serology -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Date of Collection	Test	Results
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX
•••	•••	···		•••	

Listing 16.2.8.5 Listing of Pregnancy Test -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site					If Done			If Uri posit	-	If Pregnancy
ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Reproductive Status	Pregnancy Test Done	Date of pregnancy test	Method (Serum/Urine)	Results	Date of serum pregnancy test	Results	test Not done, specify reason
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX
•••	•••		•••				•••		•••	•••

Listing 16.2.8.6 Listing of ECOG Performance Status -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Response	Grade	ECOG
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	XXX
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	XXX
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	XXX
•••	•••				

Listing 16.2.8.7 Listing of LVEF (Left ventricular ejection fraction) -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Date of Assessment	Result	Ву	If Echocardiography , specify calculation method	LVEF finding	Any new cardiac signs and symptoms	Any worsening cardiac signs and symptoms (since screening)	Any signs or symptoms of CHF
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMMYYYY	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••

16.4 Individual subject data listings

Listing 16.4.1 Listing of Vital Signs (All Enrolled Subjects)

Listing 16.4.1.1 Listing of Vital Signs -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject	7 mg / Com	77: -: L	Mai wht	Pulse Rate	Respiratory _	Blood P	- Temperature	
No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Weight	Pulse Rate	Rate	Systolic	Diastolic	remperature
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN
•••	•••					•••		

Listing 16.4.1.2 Listing of Vital Signs during infusion of Pertuzumab, Trastuzumab and Docetaxel -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/			Time of capturing		Pulse	Respiratory -	Blood P	ressure	_
Subject No.	Age/Sex	Visit	Vital Signs	Weight	Rate	Rate	Systolic	Diastolic	Temperature
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXX	XXX	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN
	•••	•••		•••			•••	•••	

Programming Note:

> Time of capturing Vital Signs will be Before and After the infusion of Pertuzumab, Trastuzumab and Docetaxel

Listing 16.4.2 Listing of Physical Examination -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site No./ Subject No.	Age/ Gender	Visit	Physical Examination Performed	Date of Physical Examination	If No, Reason	Body System /Site	Results	If abnormal ,specify	Clinical Significan ce
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	Yes/No	DDMMYYYY	XXXX	XXXX	Normal/Abnormal/Not Done	XXX	Yes/No
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	Yes/No	DDMMYYYY	XXXX	XXXX	Normal/Abnormal/Not Done	XXX	Yes/No
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	Yes/No	DDMMYYYY	XXXX	XXXX	Normal/Abnormal/Not Done	XXX	Yes/No
	•••	•••					•••		

Listing 16.4.3 Listing of Her-2 Determination, CT/MRI and Isotope Bone Scan -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site				Her-2 Det	erminatio	on		CT/MRI		Isot	Isotope Bone Scan		
No./ Subje ct No.	Age/ Gend it er		Assessm ent perform ed	Sample collect ion date	Immunoh istoche mistry (IHC) Result	In situ hybridiza tion (ISH) Result	Date CT/MRI performed	clinica 11y signifi cant	If Yes, specif Y	Date isotope bone scan performed	Result (Normal/Abno rmal)	If Yes abnorm al, specif	
XXX/N NN	NN/X XX	XXX	Yes/No	DDMMYYY Y	XXXX	XXXX	DDMMYYYY	Yes/No	XXXX	DDMMYYYY	XXXX	XXXX	
XXX/N NN	NN/X XX	XXX	Yes/No	DDMMYYY Y	XXXX	XXXX	DDMMYYYY	Yes/No	XXXX	DDMMYYYY	XXXX	XXXX	
XXX/N NN	NN/X XX	XXX	Yes/No	DDMMYYY Y	XXXX	XXXX	DDMMYYYY	Yes/No	XXXX	DDMMYYYY	XXXX	XXXX	
	•••							•••	•••				

Listing 16.4.4 Listing of Study Drug Administration

Listing 16.4.4.1 Listing of Administration of Pertuzumab -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site No./Subje ct No.	Age/Gende r	Cycle No.	Date of Dose	Batc h No.	Start Time	Final Stop Time	Planne d Dose	Total Dose Receiv ed	Total Volume Receive d	Reasons, if scheduled infusion was delayed, interrupte d or the dose modified	If other reason , specif Y	Batches used for this administratio n
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	NNN	NN:NN	NN:NN	NNN	NNN	NNN	XXX	XXX	XXX
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	NNN	NN:NN	NN:NN	NNN	NNN	NNN	XXX	XXX	XXX
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	NNN	NN:NN	NN:NN	NNN	NNN	NNN	XXX	XXX	XXX
	•••											

Listing 16.4.4.2 Listing of Administration of Trastuzumab -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site No./Subject No.	Age/Gender	Cycle No.	Date of Dose	Time of Dose	Total Dose Received	Route	Reasons, if schedu delayed, interrupt modifi	ted or the dose	If other reason, specify
110.					necerved		Adverse Event	Other	specify
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	NN:NN	NNN	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No	XXX
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	NN:NN	NNN	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No	XXX
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	NN:NN	NNN	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No	XXX
	•••				•••	•••		•••	•••

Listing 16.4.4.3 Listing of Administration of Docetaxel -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site No./Subject No.	Age/Gender	Cycle No.	Date of Dose	Time of Dose	Total Dose Received	Route	Reasons, if schedu delayed, interrupt modifi	ted or the dose	If other reason, specify
110.					necerved		Adverse Event	Other	specify
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	NN:NN	NNN	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No	XXX
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	NN:NN	NNN	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No	XXX
XXX/NNN	NN/XXX	XXX	DDMMYYYY	NN:NN	NNN	XXX	Yes/No	Yes/No	XXX
	•••				•••	•••		•••	•••

Listing 16.2.4.4 Listing of Concomitant Medications -Safety Population (N=XXX)

Site ID/ Subject No.	Age/Sex	Medication (Generic Name)	Class of Medication[1]	Indication	Regimen	Dose (per day)
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXX	NN
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXX	NN
NN/XXXX	NN/XXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXX	NN
	•••					

Unit	Frequency	Route[2]	Date started	Date stopped	Ongoing
XXX	XXX	XXXXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No
XXX	XXX	XXXXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No
XXX	XXX	XXXXX	DDMMMYYYY	DDMMMYYYY	Yes/No
•••					