

Exploring the role of tryptophan metabolites in pediatric migraine

2023.05.01

Informed Consent Form

Dear study participant, Hello, we hereby invite you to participate in a medical research project in which 200 participants are expected. This informed consent form provides you with some information to help you decide whether to participate in this study. Please read the following carefully and discuss any questions or terms that are unclear with your study physician.

Background and purpose of the study: The overall prevalence of migraine in the pediatric population is approximately 7.7%, increasing from approximately 5% in childhood to 15% in adolescence. Migraine is often associated with cerebrovascular disease, epilepsy, and depression, and the effectiveness of medication for migraine is unclear, with a high recurrence rate, which seriously affects children's school life and physical and mental health. This study will investigate the relationship between poor lifestyle and migraine attacks, compare the levels of serum markers of tryptophan metabolites in children with migraine with those in healthy children, assess the impact of different prognostic factors on the prognosis of migraine in children, and urge parents and children to change their lifestyle, reduce migraine drug dependence, improve migraine treatment and improve the prognosis.

Methods: Parents and children will fill out the questionnaire together and 5 ml of elbow vein blood will be collected from the child. There may be risks of pain, blood sickness, and dislodgement of the blood collection needle during the blood collection process, but it generally does not cause significant prolonged discomfort to the child. No additional blood is collected for the study, and the samples collected are leftover blood samples from normal visits and do not incur additional costs.

Possible benefits: The poor lifestyle of children with migraine can be investigated and parents and children can be urged to make lifestyle changes to improve their health. Differences in serum markers between children with migraine and healthy children can be detected to improve the diagnosis of migraine, predict the risk of migraine, improve the prognosis of children with migraine, and provide early relief of pain and improve quality of life.

Your Rights and Responsibilities: The executive arm of this clinical research program will uphold your rights and interests during the course of the study. Your medical records (e.g., test results, physician's diagnosis) will be kept confidential by the investigators and coding will be used in place of your name. Data from the study may be published for academic purposes, but your privacy (e.g., name, cell phone number, etc.) will not be disclosed. You can stay informed about the information and research progress related to this study, and if you have any questions during the study, please contact Junhui Liu, whose contact number is 15064039296.

I have read the above information, I have had the opportunity to ask relevant

questions and my questions have been answered to my satisfaction. I voluntarily agree to participate in this study as a subject and understand that I have the right to withdraw from this study at any time without in any way affecting my future medical treatment.

Signature of subject: Signature of guardian: Date: I have fully explained to the subject (name). The subject of the investigation has sufficient knowledge of this study.

Signature of subject:

Signature of guardian:

Date: